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SIXTEEN PAGES — TWO RIYALS

West calls for same IMF role

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (R) — The industrial powers are insisting that the International Monetary Fund's basic role should not be changed despite harsh criticism from the Third World.

In a stinging attack Tuesday at the annual meeting of the IMF and World Bank, Tanzanian Finance Minister Amir Jamal complained about conditions such as tight credit policies which the fund often imposes on member states in return for loans.

"To ask these developing countries to set their house in order before any significant help can be given makes a kind of abstract sense, but what kind of sense is it when the thatched roof of that house is catching fire and the floods or blizzards are deluging in at the same time?" he said.

But later Japan, a major power in the IMF, expressed strong opposition to calls for fundamental changes. The United States, another prominent member, was expected to make its views known Wednesday.

Japanese Finance Minister Michio Watanabe conceded that the developing countries should play a bigger part in recycling the enormous surpluses of oil revenues.

But he told reporters there should be no changes in the basic character of the agency, set up by the Western powers in 1944. The industrial countries have the most power in the IMF and the World Bank because of the larger sums they contribute, and they argue that the battle against inflation should remain the world's top economic priority.

IMF managing director Jacques de Larosiere told the opening meeting that the developing countries and the rich ones had to exercise monetary and fiscal restraint in order to contain inflation. But the Tanzanian minister asked whether such adjustments would not mean the abandonment by the poorer countries of such basic needs as food, shelter and health.

The plight of the developing nations was underlined in an emotional parting address by World Bank President Robert McNamara, who retires next June after 12 years.

He said official development aid from rich countries had not increased during 1977-79, and he accused the Soviet Union and Western countries, including the United States and Britain, of contributing too little.

President Carter, who also spoke at the meeting, warned delegates against allowing "extraneous political disputes" to interfere with the work of the IMF and World Bank. He appeared to be referring to the controversy over whether the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) should be permitted to attend the meeting, but he did not mention the PLO by name.

Arab countries had wanted the PLO to be present as an observer but the United States blocked this.

Informed sources said yesterday the Arab nations had proposed that a committee of IMF-World Bank governors be formed to look into the question of observers at the annual meetings.



Robert McNamara

U.S. pledge for Israel irks Europe

Washington Bureau

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 1 — European diplomats attending the United Nations General Assembly session in New York are "disappointed" about President Carter's strong pledge to oppose any attempt to expel Israel from the international body.

Carter, in an address Monday to the ladies garment workers union in New York, vowed that the U.S. would oppose any measure calling for the expulsion of Israel from the U.N.

Several Arab and Third World states are threatening to challenge Israel's credentials in the ongoing General Assembly session that got under way last week.

No specific motion calling for Israel's expulsion has been introduced.

Meanwhile, Syria has called for sanctions against Israel and suspension of its U.N. membership.

Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam told 35th session of the General Assembly it was most pressing to re-examine Israel's membership because Israel not only rejected the U.N. resolutions, but also defied them and persisted in its defiance.

The minister said the assembly must assume responsibility because the U.S. had succeeded in paralyzing the Security Council through the abuse of its right to veto.

As one European diplomat explained the situation to the *Aswad Al-Awsat - Arab News*, Carter's strong pledge to back Israel means that "United States has publicly said the Security Council can't implement its decision."

The diplomat was referring to the Nov. 15 deadline set at an emergency assembly session in July for Israel to abandon its settlements in the occupied West Bank.

The Security Council has chosen the same date for Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim to report on the effects of another resolution insisting that Israel repeal its new law formalizing its annexation of East Jerusalem and making the "united" city its capital.

This deadline, which comes almost two weeks after the American presidential election on Nov. 4, puts pressure on the European Nations to take more aggressive measures on their own Middle East initiative, the diplomat explained.

Straits will stay open, Iran says

TEHRAN, Oct. 1 (Agencies) — Iran Wednesday formally assured the world that it has no intention of blockading the vital Straits of Hormuz at the mouth of the Gulf, as part of its war effort against Iraq.

"The government of the Islamic Republic of Iran in full view of its international obligations wishes to assure the international community that Iran shall not hesitate in any effort to keep this waterway in full operation," an official statement said.

But meanwhile, Iran's revolutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini rallied his nation and rejected yet again any accommodation with Iraq in a speech aimed at boosting the country's morale.

He also told Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim of the United Nations that Iran would not stop fighting until Iraq withdrew its troops, leaving the Security Council to decide on fresh steps to restore peace in the Gulf.

The statement on the strategic straits was carried by the official pars news agency. It charged that several governments, under the pretext of concern over the possible closure of the straits, were considering "interference in the region of the Gulf."

It added: "Despite our current relationship with the hostile government or governments of the area, the government of the Islamic Republic of Iran guarantees to do its share to keep this waterway open."

Iran has repeatedly warned its Gulf neighbors of retaliation if they backed Iraq in the nine-day-old conflict. The threats had raised concern that Iran would seek to close the Hormuz Straits through which more than a quarter of the world's oil is moved in the event of the conflict with Iraq widening.

Diplomats said members of the Security Council would probably consult privately on their own next move, with a view to an early meeting of the 15-nation body. When next the council convenes it will be under the presidency of Ambassador Oleg Troyanovsky of the Soviet Union, who took over Wednesday from Taieb Slim of Tunisia under the monthly rotation system.

U.S. Secretary of state Edmund Muskie met Iraqi Foreign Minister Saddam Hussein Tuesday and afterwards called for an end to the fighting between the two Gulf neighbors and for negotiations without pre-

conditions.

Hammadi, who came to New York to put his country's case before the council, said he told Muskie that the U.S. should not interfere in the conflict and avoid the risk of involvement by others.

Only time would tell whether Wednesday's conversation would contribute to a cessation of hostilities, Muskie said. The two men agreed they "ought to communicate from time to time on issues," he disclosed.

Asked whether he would meet Iranian representatives, Muskie said that they had been informed Wednesday that he was available for talks. Iran's most senior diplomat in the U.S. at present is the Charge d'affaires of its U.N. mission, Jamal Shemirani.

Meanwhile, Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev Tuesday called on Iraq and Iran to settle their differences at the negotiating table. Speaking at a Kremlin dinner for visiting Indian President Sanjiva Reddy, Brezhnev avoided referring to the United States by name but made it clear he saw Washington as the prime beneficiary of the Gulf war.

"Neither Iraq nor Iran will gain anything

from mutual destruction, bloodshed and the undermining of each other's economy. It is only the third side, to which the interests of the peoples of that region are alien, which stands to gain," he said.

The Soviet leader said it was hardly credible that the war between Iran and Iraq was just a tragic misunderstanding.

"No, some people are obviously trying to turn that conflict to their own advantage," Brezhnev said. "You may ask who they are."

The Soviet leader's remarks, following the line of Soviet press comments on the fighting, betrayed no hint of any tilt towards either side. He referred to Iran and Iraq as "neighboring countries friendly towards the Soviet Union." Iran has complained that despite Soviet professions of neutrality the Kremlin is in fact favoring Iraq because it is supplying it with arms.

And a special envoy of Iranian Prime Minister Muhammad Ali Rajai flew to Vienna Tuesday to brief Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kriesky on the conflict, the Iranian embassy in Bonn said.

Khomeini spurns U.N. call

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For pilgrims' reception

Haj arrangements inspected

MECCA, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani and the chief of royal protocol, Sheikh Ahmad Abdul Wahab, Tuesday inspected the arrangements for this year's pilgrims' reception at the Holy Haram.

Dr. Yamani and Sheikh Ahmad were accompanied by Sheikh Sulaiman ibn Ubaid, head of the Two Holy Harams Administration; and Sheikh Ibrahim Al-Tasani, deputy finance minister for administrative affairs.

The party also checked measures and arrangements for the Third Islamic Summit scheduled to be held here at the start of the new Hijra year.

Meanwhile, according to Sheikh Jaber Makhel, secretary general of the Islamic



Dr. Abdo Yamani

tee also printed 200,000 copies of a special bulletin on Arafat in four languages and will distribute them on Arafat day. They will clarify for the pilgrims where and when they should stand and when they should leave, as well as what they should do on the Tashrif

In another development, the Interior ministry issued a statement Tuesday reiterating that vehicles of a capacity of less than nine passengers are not allowed to drive in Mecca and the holy places during the Pilgrimage season. Drivers must leave their small cars in special parking areas which the Ministry cited individually.

There will be parking lots off new Jeddah road, Medina/Mecca/Al Taneeb road, Al-Laih/Mecca road, Al-Sharaie/Mecca road and off the new Taif/Mecca road. The ban on small cars in Mecca and the holy places will apply from 6/12/1400H to 14/12/1400H, the statement said.

The statement called on all citizens and pilgrims to abide by the traffic regulations during the Pilgrimage season in the public interest and for everybody's comfort. It said that the experiment was carried out successfully last year thanks to the public's cooperation. Pick up cars were banned from driving during the same period last year, and citizens and pilgrims were happy to use public transport vehicles placed at their disposal.

The Ministry statement stressed that arrangements were made only for the pilgrims' comfort. They can now park their cars in spacious areas prepared for the purpose and easily can find seats on public transport vehicles to move from one place to another.

To a separate development, Fuad Katbi, director of the Commerce Ministry's branch in Mecca, said Tuesday that there will be no shortage of foodstuffs on the market during this year's Pilgrimage season.

The official said that six teams consisting of 80 inspectors are controlling the market to see that foodstuffs are available and that tariffs are respected. He added that the ministry has two centers in Arafat, and four in Mina, in addition to the main center.

Prince Saud conferred Tuesday with Iraqi Foreign Minister Dr. Saadou Hammadi. The talks dealt with the current situation between Iraq and Iran. Hammadi arrived here Monday.

Prince Saud also had a meeting Tuesday with Farooq Qaddoumi, head of the political department of the Palestine Liberation Organization on the impending situation in the Middle East, particularly along the Iraqi-Iranian borders.



(SPA photo)
MEETING CALLED: The Council of Ministers held a special session Tuesday under Crown Prince Fahd to discuss the unfolding situation in the Middle East, particularly the Gulf. The cabinet's time was spent studying the present political state of affairs in the area.

Pollution equipment to arrive soon

LONDON, Oct. 1 (LPS) — Equipment to prevent oil pollution in Gulf waters has been despatched to Saudi Arabia.

The oily water separator is going to an oil washing and desalination plant forming part of the RAS Tannurah/Dhahrao pipeline project. Believed to be the largest unit of its type to be completed, it has been manufactured by Fram Industrial, of Llantrisant, south Wales and also undertakes to design separators for any size of installation.

All wash water from the plant will be processed before discharge into the sea in order to reduce the oil content from a maximum of 10,000 ppm (parts per million) to less than 10 ppm in accordance with international pollution control standards.

The recovered oil will be returned to the washing plant for further processing. The Fram Industrial range of coalescing plate separators includes standard packaged units for treating bilge water discharges from ships, and other sources of pollution.

BRIEFS

MUJAHIN, Damam handicapped vocational training center director, said.

LONDON, Oct. 1 (LPS) — Some 2,500 lanterns which will house high pressure sodium lamps to light sections of the Mina Tunnel complex in Mecca have been supplied and installed. In the tunnel entrance zones a double row of centrally mounted lanterns house twin 400 watt or 250 watt Solarcolour lamps to provide a lighting level of 6,800 lux.

And twin 65 watt fluorescent tube lanterns with an asymmetric distribution will form a continuous line on each side of the tunnel bores giving a lighting level of 400 lux in daylight.

RIYADH, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Combating the problem of illegal residents is having good results. Interior Minister Prince Naif sent a circular to the departments of the ministry calling for further efforts to reduce the rate of crime in the Kingdom Wednesday. The interior minister has received instructions from the Royal Court after submitting a report by the director of public security, General Abdullah Al-Sheikh, on the drop of the crime rate in all parts of the country after the implementation of the anti illegal residents plan.

Prince Naif expressed his admiration of every boost effort paid at implementing the plan. The results achieved so far are only part of what the ministry wishes to realize, he added.

DAMMAM, Oct. 1 (SPA) — After winning a contract for a project for building a handicapped vocational training center complex, a Saudi Arabian company was handed over the project site Tuesday. The project will cost SR18 million and will be completed in 18 months. The building, located along the Dammam to Al-Khobar road, will be built in an area of 22,000 square meters. It comprises administration offices, and work shops housing and sports fields for the handicapped. Housing for employees and parking lots, were also included, Abdul Rahman Al-

SEYED, director of the Arab and Islamic historical and cultural background. They were members of the European Union of Arabists and Islamists.

It was the first time the conference — the tenth in a biennial series — had been held at the University of Edinburgh where there is a department of Islamic and Middle Eastern studies.

Earlier this year a chair of Arabic and Islamic studies was established at the university with an endowment from the University of Bagdad.

The visiting scholars, from all over Europe,

were able to see an exhibition in the university library of Eastern manuscripts featuring Rashid Al-Din's collection of chronicles dating from the 14th century.

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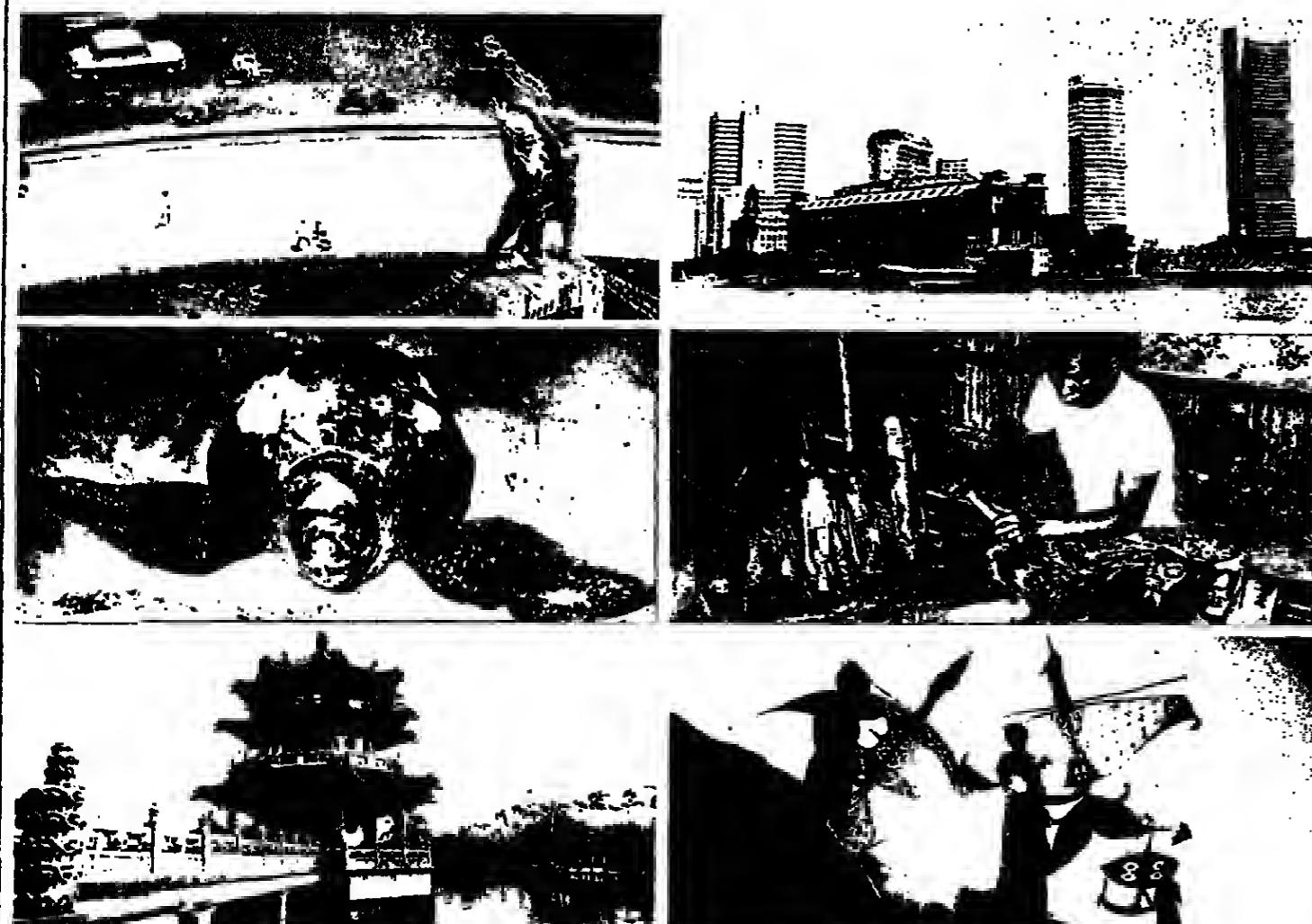
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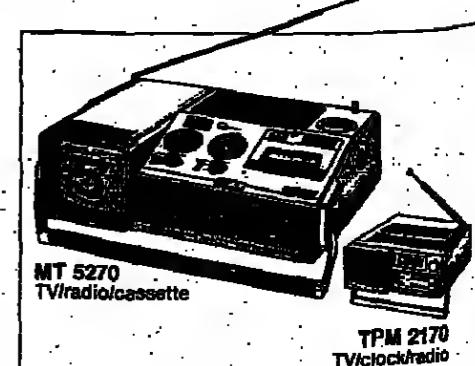
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By Saudi Telephone

New exchanges opened

TAIF, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Two new advanced telephone exchanges went into operation Wednesday in Kharmah and Turba areas. They will add 2,000 more telephone lines to the Western Region telephone service. Iamouda Ridda Sulhi, acting Taif telephone director, dedicated the Turba exchange Wednesday in the presence of Deputy Mecca governor Prince Saud ibn Abdul Mohsin.

During the opening of Kharmah exchange Wednesday, Sulhi described the facility as one of the most advanced to be installed in remote areas. Saudi Telephone's master plan, added, is not confined to cities only, but also covers villages and remote areas.

Prince Saud made the first phone call from his new exchange to the emir of Turba, Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al-Masoudi. The deputy governor expressed his pleasure for the achievement and said this was one of the quick steps to progress in the life of a society adopted by the government to link various areas of the Kingdom to each other and to the

rest of the world.

Meanwhile, Saudi telephone announced that serious inconvenience and sometimes danger, caused by cut or damaged telephone cables can be prevented by Saudi Telephone's Cable Location Service, but the co-operation of digging contractors is required.

While an analysis of recent statistical reports indicates that the number of cables damaged per 1,000 working lines has dropped dramatically, even one cut or damaged cable can deprive a subscriber of his telephone service.

The universal warning of "Call before you dig" applies to both private citizens and companies who plan to excavate in an area where telephone cables may already be placed.

The elimination of cable damage can be assured by calling Saudi Telephone. The current numbers for cable location service are: Riyadh — 457-1721, Dammam — 906, Jeddah — 667-107, Taif — 94 and Mecca — 94. In other areas, cable location service can be provided through repair service — 94 or 904.

Eventually, cable location services in all cities will be reached through the special service number 906. This change, for example, will take place in Riyadh on 1 Moharrar 1401. Saudi telephone will keep the public informed of these changes.

Saudi telephone employees will provide maps and diagrams, and will visit construction sites to pinpoint the exact location of telephone cables. This free service is a worthwhile investment of time and effort for both contractors and subscribers.

Racing event held

TAIF, Oct. 1 (SPA) — *Hareb*, belonging to Hisham Al-Shibani, won the SR20,000 Ahli Sports Club Shield prize for local novice horses at the Hawiyya race course here Monday.

The meet comprised six races, one of which was for camels and was won by Sharif Zaid ibn Ahmad's *Khilam*.

Prince Fahd ibn Badr's *Amal* won the SR9,000 Ranis prize for novice horses, and the SR11,000 Rabigh prize for third class horses without a previous who was taken by Prince Faisal ibn Abdullah's *Delilah*. The SR11,000 Ala prize for third class horses was won by Prince Bandar ibn Abdullah ibn Khaled ibn Badr, took the second class horses SR13,000 Aqlat Al-Siqour prize.

Minister visits Finland

HELSINKI, Oct. 1 (AFP) — Minister of Agriculture and Water Resources Dr. Abdul Rahman Abdul Aziz Al-Sheikh, who is here on a three-day visit, Wednesday met Finnish Foreign Trade Minister Esko Rekola.

Dr. Abdul Rahman arrived here Tuesday at the invitation of Minister of Farming and Forestry Taiso Taekkaermaa. His talks during his visit are expected to concentrate on cooperation of Finnish expertise in afforestation in Saudi Arabia.

Comment

By Nasser Al-Qarawi

Al Riyadh

It is a fact that we are a consumer society, without any limitation or planning. Machinery with a 10-year guarantee does not last more than a year or two with us. If it gets out of order, or if only a part of it develops some defect, we just dispose with it and buy a new machine.

Now let us see what are the reasons for this sort of behavior and who actually benefits from it? Among the many reasons, we ought to take into consideration the level of our consumption-consciousness as an emerging society and our indifference to vocational jobs.

Faced with this painful fact, we find ourselves "dwarfed" before the heaps of scrap and the machinery that we import in large quantities. The situation has developed into such proportions that the Middle East has become the focal point for the consumption of commodities. This led foreign manufacturers to exporting cheap quality goods in an attractive form in the Middle Eastern countries.

All this happens under our very nose but we care little to be wary of the situation. Do we expect the exporters to let us know their profits and our losses? We must strive to understand the reality, its risks and its negative effects. We are draining our economy in the absence of a conscience that realizes the risks of unlimited consumption. I feel it is time we reconsidered our behavior and judged the quality of imported materials.

It is often said that goods exported to the Middle East are different in quality from those marketed to other parts of the world. It is an undisputed fact that we cannot afford to deny.

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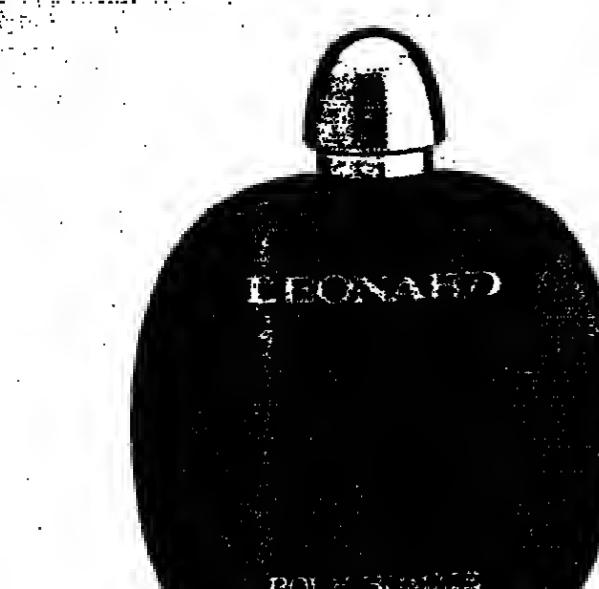
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TRAGEDY: The tail section of the Saudi TriStar is torn out by the fire that erupted in the aircraft in late August after taking off from Riyadh Airport.

In football

Saudi Arabia romps Turkey

IZMIR, Oct. 1 (SPA) — The Saudi Arabian football team beat the Turkish Federated State of Kibris 2-0 Tuesday at the Ataturk Stadium here in the First Islamic Olympic Games, which opened Sunday. The goals were scored by Majed Abdullah in the 20th minute and Amin Dabo two minutes after half time.

The Kingdom also beat Pakistan 3-0 in a volleyball match: the scores were 16-14, 15-11 and 15-5. The Saudi team was defeated at basketball 115-53 by Turkey, and also lost two tennis matches against Turkey (6-1) and the Turkish Federated State of Kibris (6-1).

Meanwhile, Prince Fahd ibn Sultan, vice-president of the Saudi Arabian Soccer Federation, cabled his congratulations Tuesday night to Sheikh Fahd Al-Abdul, head of the Kuwaiti Soccer Federation, after Kuwait won the cup in the Seventh Asian Soccer Championship.

Report to be released

TAIF, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Sheikh Kamel Sindi, assistant minister of defense and aviation, said Wednesday that the investigation into the Saudi TriStar plane accident is nearly completed and will be publicized shortly.

The report has been submitted to Defense and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan and citizens in or outside the Kingdom will find an answer to whatever they want to know about the tragic accident when the report is handed over by the beginning of next year, he said.

In other developments, Sindi said Saudi received two TriStar aircraft out of the five ordered. A third will be delivered within a week, followed by a fourth soon afterwards, he said. The fifth plane will be handed over by the beginning of next year, he added.

The new airplanes, ordered as a result of the government's plan to boost the Saudi fleet, might be increased, Sindi said. He added that this would enable the national carrier to provide better service to pilgrims and citizens. The new planes will ease the pressure on the airline, he added.

In addition, Jeddah's new international airport will be opened on schedule, Sindi said. The final facilities of the airport have been completed. He said Prince Sultan has instructed that work on Jeddah International Airport be completed early, as well as an early completion of the Kingdome's other airports that are under construction.

The death toll in the tragic Saudi air crash at Riyadh Airport in the end of August reached 301, according to the Directorate of Civil Aviation.

The Lockheed TriStar reported a fire on board 50 miles after take-off from Riyadh. The aircraft turned around and landed safely on the runway, but the fire spread and engulfed the plane before the locked doors could be opened by ground technicians. An

investigation of the accident began immediately under Deputy Minister of Defense and Civil Aviation Sheikh Kamel Sindi. A committee of experts checked over the plane's wreckage. The inspection of the wreckage on the tarmac showed that the crew of three and some passengers were killed inside the cockpit.

Messages cabled

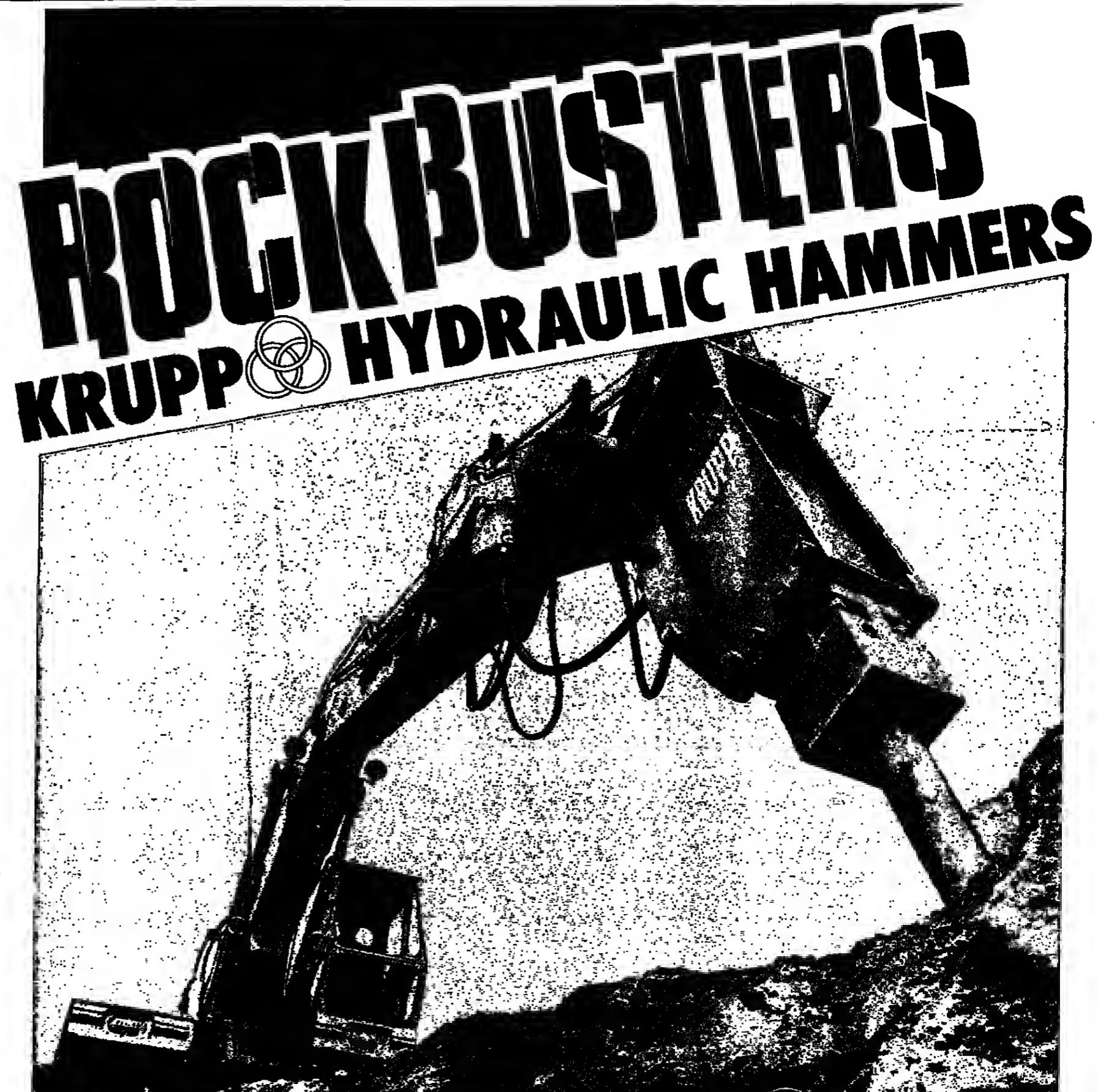
TAIF, Oct. 1 (SPA) — King Khaled congratulated President Shehu Shagari of Nigeria Wednesday on the occasion of his country's national day. The King wished the Nigerian leader good health and happiness and progress and prosperity to the Nigerian people.

King Khaled also received more cables of congratulation from several leaders and heads of state Wednesday. The King sent cables of thanks to those leaders wishing them health and progress and prosperity to their peoples.

Al-Harithy received

SANAA, Oct. 1 (SPA) — North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh received Saudi Arabian ambassador here, Sheikh Trad Al-Harithy, Tuesday night. They discussed bilateral relations, ways of promoting them and other issues of mutual interest.

Ambassador Sheikh Trad also met here Tuesday with deputy Premier for the Interior Lt. Col. Mujahid Abu Shawareb. The talks dealt with the means of fostering bilateral relations.



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U.N. told

Ali offers to defend Arab states in Gulf

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 1 (AP) — Egypt offered Tuesday to defend Arab countries around the Gulf against threats to their sovereignty that it said were developing amid the Iran-Iraq war. Kamal Hussein Ali, Egyptian deputy prime minister and foreign minister, used the Arab name for that Gulf as he told the U.N. General Assembly:

"In the Arabian Gulf today, external threats are emerging for the sovereignty of the Arab peoples.... Egypt is willing and able to carry out its historic role to shoulder its responsibilities to safeguard the Arab peoples in the Gulf area in accordance with their wishes."

Egypt has the biggest army in the Middle East. Ali did not say which countries he believed were threatening those around the Gulf. Nor did he mention talk heard lately of sending a Western naval task force to keep open the strait of Hormuz at the mouth of the Gulf, through which much of the world's oil is shipped to market.

That talk started after the outbreak of war Sept. 22 between the oil-producing countries of Iran and Iraq. But Western officials lately have softened the idea. Besides Iraq, Arab countries bordering the Gulf are Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, Oman and the United Arab Emirates.

In Cairo, Defense Minister Maj. Gen. Ahmed Badawi expanded Egypt's offer to cover "any Arab or friendly country," according to the Middle East News agency.

Badawi was speaking before a defense committee of President Anwar Sadat's ruling

National Democratic Party. Badawi said Egypt would give military facilities to the United States "to help us defend any Arab country exposed to aggression." Badawi said, leaving little doubt he was referring to Soviet attempts to spread its influence in the Arab world, especially in the Gulf area.

Ali told the assembly Egypt's Camp David-process talks with Israel on Palestinian autonomy in Arab territories under Israeli occupation were stalemated because of "Israel's vacillation and obstructionism, together with its settlement policy and the illegal measure it undertakes in Jerusalem."

He said President Anwar Sadat's proposal for a summit meeting with President Jimmy Carter and Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin after the American presidential election was meant to surmount the obstacles and pave the way toward establishing an interim period in which Israeli military government would be replaced by a Palestinian authority and Israeli forces would start withdrawing from the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

Ali welcomed a Western European initiative, Romanian ideas and proposals from U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim for resolving the Palestinian problem.

He said a peace settlement of that problem must be based on the Palestinians' right "to establish their own independent state in Palestine," respect for the security of all states in the Middle East, rejection of Israel's settlement policy in the occupied territories and immediate "confidence building measures" by Israel.

Thorn doubts whether Camp David accord could succeed

JERUSALEM, Oct. 1 (Agencies) — Luxembourg Foreign Minister Gaston Thorn has said he doubted whether the Camp David peace process could succeed and that sooner or later another solution to the Israeli-Arab conflict would have to be found. Thorn, in Israel on a fact-finding mission for the European Economic Community (EEC), was summing up his talks with Prime Minister Menahem Begin and nine prominent Palestinian Arab leaders from the Israeli-occupied Arab territories.

He told reporters that Europe was not opposed to the Camp David peace accord between Israel and Egypt. However, Thorn added, the importance of the European initiative to find a solution to the Middle East conflict was to the fact that Europe recognized the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) as a party of the negotiations, something the Camp David agreements did not do.

Europe also differed to as much as supported Palestinian self-determination and Israel's withdrawal from the occupied areas, he said.

After talks with Palestinian leaders, mainly mayors from the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip, Thorn said they were united in accepting the PLO as their sole representative. They had also unanimously called for Israel's withdrawal from the occupied areas, including east Jerusalem, he added.

His impression after meeting the Arab representatives individually to the British consulate in East Jerusalem was that they felt the occupier was becoming harder, Thorn said.

However, he added, the Arabs also must realistically accept Israel as a fact of life and understand that they must find a way to live with the Jewish state. After his meeting with

Begin Tuesday morning, Thorn said both sides had stuck to their known positions.

He said Begin continued to refuse to negotiate with the PLO, and opposed the establishment of a Palestinian state.

European Middle East initiative will probably be launched after the next European summit meeting in December, Thorn stated.

Thorn said he believed the next summit would define Europe's view of a role for the PLO in peace negotiations. At the earlier summit the Europeans called for PLO "association" in peace talks and offered Israel security guarantees. Israel angrily rejected the proposal.

Egypt jails 2 men accused of spying for Libya

CAIRO, Oct. 1 (R) — Two men described as agents for Libyan intelligence were sentenced to 15 years' hard labor Tuesday and fined 1,000 pounds each, the official Middle East News Agency (MENA) said. A military court at Mersa Matruh, close to the Libyan border, found Kamis Miftah and Sale Gabrall guilty of spying and gathering information on military sites in the area, the agency said.

A third man, Ahmed Farag, was sentenced to three years' hard labor and fined the same amount on identical charges. The agency said the trial had started May 17, but did not say when the men had been arrested or whether they were Egyptian or Libyan.

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TURKISH SECURITY: These heavy Turkish tanks are seen inside a guarded compound near the city center of Ankara. The military withdrew most of its tank force from the main city area, and kept a quiet watch by means of foot patrols and car searches over the weekend.

Five killed in clashes

Turkey's junta supports new cabinet

ANKARA, Oct. 1 (R) — Turkey's five-man military junta, which has given itself all the powers of a formal parliament, Tuesday passed a vote of confidence in the week-old military-civilian cabinet of retired Admiral Bülent Ulusu. The junta first debated and approved the government's program and then passed a vote of confidence in the 27-man cabinet, the state radio reported.

Meanwhile, Istanbul police reported that five people, including a policeman and a soldier, were killed in two clashes in one working-class suburb of the city Monday night.

The incidents were the worst in Istanbul since the military seized power Sept. 12. before the coup, such clashes had been routine, with some 2,000 Turks, including many soldiers and police, killed in the first eight months of this year.

The shootings occurred in the Sefaköy

suburb on the European shore of the Bosphorus. In the first incident, gunmen shot a grocer and his son. Police arrived and one of the gunmen was killed, police said. In the second incident in the same suburb, unidentified gunmen opened fire on a policeman and troops on patrol outside a cemetery, killing one policeman and one soldier, said

Istanbul police also said they found the body of a man shot dead in the Güngören industrial district of the city. Tuesday's announcement that the junta had approved the cabinet program and passed a vote of confidence seemed designed to show that the military leaders were using democratic methods despite the absence of popular democracy since the Sept. 12 coup.

Statutes published at the weekend to regulate the powers of the junta and appeared to give it all the powers of a formal parliament.

BRIEFS

BEIRUT, (R) — Eighty-one people were killed in acts of violence and 45 explosions were reported in various parts of Lebanon last month, security sources said Wednesday. The figures compared with 105 killed and 49 blasts in August.

BEIRUT, (R) — Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi has warned that a confrontation with the United States could take place at any time, the Libyan News Agency JANA reported. It quoted him as telling the General People's Congress Tuesday night: "as soon as American naval units and reconnaissance planes enter Libyan territorial waters or Libyan airspace, the collision with America will begin."

AMMAN, (R) — A Soviet military delegation led by Gen. Vasily Sergeyev, deputy chief of staff of land forces, arrived Tuesday from Moscow on a week-long visit. Soviet officials said the visit was routine.

PARIS, (R) — Kuwait Airways has ordered an additional five Airbus A310 aircraft, bringing its total orders to 11. Airbus industries said. The airline signed \$300 million contract for six of the aircraft in June. It plans to introduce them into commercial operation in 1983. The Kuwait order brings the total number of airbus ordered by 36 international airlines to 426.

TEL AVIV, (AP) — U.S. Undersecretary of Defense Robert Komer arrived here Tuesday for two days of talks with Israeli strategists. Komer flew to Israel from Egypt. He scheduled meetings with top military officials, Deputy Defense Minister Mordechai Zippori and Prime Minister Menahem Begin, who also acts as defense minister.

LAS PALMAS CANARY ISLANDS, (R) — Polisario Front guerrillas have kidnapped all but one of the 17-man crew from a Spanish trawler off the coast of Western Sahara, fishing sources said Tuesday. They said the guerrillas boarded the Costa de Terranova and took the crew to the coast in Rubber boats. The trawler's engineer remained hidden on the ship and later radioed Spanish authorities in Las Palmas.

KHARTOUM, (R) — Ethiopian MiG fighter bombers and helicopter gunships are pounding villages in the northern province of Tigray in retaliation for attacks by secessionist guerrillas in the region, a guerrilla spokesman said Tuesday. The spokesman for the Tigray Peoples Liberation Front (TPLF) said a massive aerial bombardment of central Tigray villages had displaced 80,000 people and destroyed churches, schools and mosques. He said this was part of an air and ground offensive against the TPLF.

According to the statutes, the junta, otherwise known as the national security council, can propose and pass laws. It can also propose and pass confidence votes in individual ministers or the cabinet as a whole, as it did Tuesday as a formality.

Lawyers here said the detail of the statutes appeared to indicate that the council intended to retain power for longer than at first thought, overseeing the work of the military civilian government.

President, aides criticized for handling Billy's affair

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (AP) — A U.S.

Senate draft report, condemning Billy Carter's relationship with Libya, criticizes President Carter and several of his top aides for their handling of the affair, but says the Justice Department showed no favoritism in its investigation of the case. The draft draws no conclusion that there was illegal or unethical action by any administration official.

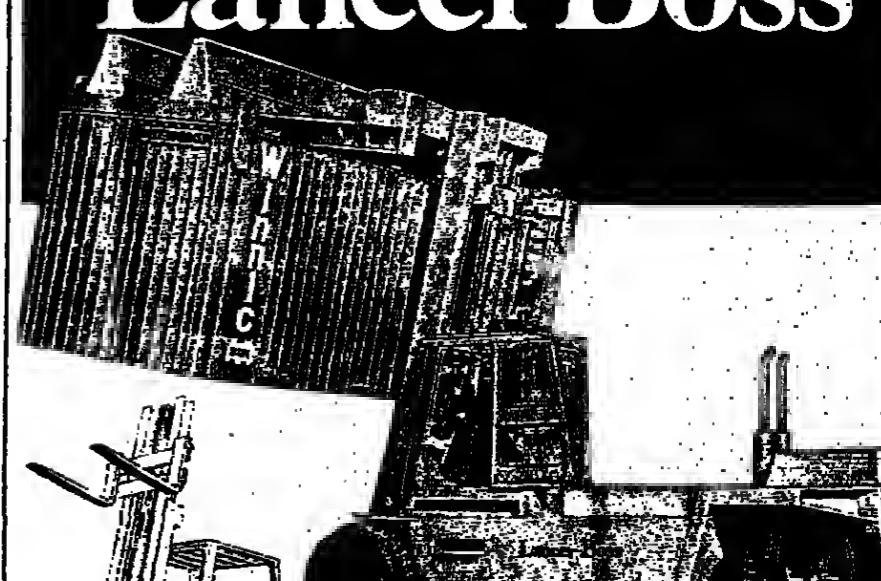
But it questions the president's handling of his brother's second trip to Libya and the use of Billy Carter as an intermediary in seeking Libyan help to free the American hostages in Iran. The draft also says the White House

Commandos attack Israeli army jeep

TEL AVIV, Oct. 1 (R) — Palestinian commandos attacked an Israeli army jeep Wednesday near Jericho in the occupied Arab West Bank, Israeli military sources said. They said the commandos had attacked with grenades and automatic weapons, but the soldiers in the jeep escaped unharmed.

Israeli soldiers later carried out a house-to-house search in the villages of Taibe and Ramound, near Jericho. The report, which is to be released Thursday, is still being circulated for review among the nine subcommittee members. Jimmy Carter never raised the possibility of expressing official disapproval of his brother's trips because the president thought the visits were strictly private, the White House says.

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Fish stories abound

Blockade held salty demise

PARIS, Oct. 1 — "Fish soup?" asked the incredulous waiter in the Breton Seaport Restaurant. "Never mind what the menu says. You need fish to make fish soup. Don't you know what's going on?"

That conversation, a real one, could have taken place anywhere along the French coast this summer as the staple entree on sea resort menus, served with grated cheese and croutons, disappeared after the fishermen went on strike and blockaded the ports — except, of course, where restaurateurs were willing to cheat with canned or frozen substitutes.

When ill-advised entrepreneurs tried to run the blockade in its early days with frozen foreign fish, they wound up with their cargoes dumped on the docks.

Anger and fistfights were not confined to the fishers or the blocked British tourists whose plight prompted angry British headlines about the hundreds years' war and the battle of the because of Dunkirk. French pleasure boat owners, who number 120,000 as opposed to the 50,000 fishermen, also felt aggrieved and some times came to blows with the blockaders of the major ports.

In a strike movement that started building up months ago, climaxed in Angst and is still not altogether finished, France's seagoing professional fishers presented a crazy quilt of demands that added up to a cry for the preservation of a romantic profession that seems to be endangered by foreign competition, overfishing in European waters, ancient practices and outdated technology.

The fisherman's trump card was their spectacular ability to block French ports at the height of the tourist season. The government had a relatively easy time countering them by refusing to accept industry-wide negotiations, arguing the diversity of interests and demands of the crews of coastal trawlers, ships that go out for giant crayfish off West Africa and the industrial boats that are out of port for months at a time dragging the herring banks of the North Sea or Newfoundland.

"There is not a single, but many problems of fishing, one cabinet ministry said. "While solidarity is morally worth of respect it could be economically disastrous."

The French government apparently decided that in mid-August, while the vacationing French were largely occupied trying to take advantage of the country's first long run of sunshine since Easter and to ignore the economic gloom-sayers, was a good time to demonstrate authority and try to head off the expected autumn strike wave whose avant garde the fishermen seemed to be.

So Joel Le Theule, the transport minister, announced that the fishermen's grievances

were none of the government's business — a remarkable assertion in one of the most regulated economies outside the Communist world — and that the fishermen were highly overpaid besides. He offered as a typical example the \$120,000 earned by the captain of one fishing sloop in 1978, an example that turned out to involve the highest paid captain in the best recent fishing year.

Anyhow, the minister's office let it be known that the real problem of French fisheries is not the fishermen's complaint that the price of fish has only doubled during the same period that the fuel to operate at sea has gone up six times, but because of the distribution system needed to satisfy the peculiar individualistic tastes of the French fish-eater. Eighty per cent of the British market is satisfied by four varieties of fish, it was noted, while it takes 20 species to meet the refined demands of the same proportion of the French.

In the face of such government stonewalling, the fishermen's exasperation quickly spread from the confines of the original strike movement in Normandy to all the other major fishing regions, including the most important of all, Brittany, even though there is traditionally no love lost and occasional clashes at sea between Breton and Norman fishers. Le Theule managed to create temporary unity between the boat owners and captains on one side and the heavily unionized seamen on the other. A sacred union to defend the future of a hard and noble profession was formed among the national assembly deputies representing the fishing regions including Giscardists and Communists alike.

Prime Minister Raymond Barre's entourage offered his traditional arguments that the French economy will never be efficient unless there is an end to honoring the demands of lobbies and special interest groups. This angered fishermen's representative into replying that when the far more numerous and electorally powerful peasants go out in masse, the government listens, talks and does something.

By then, Le Theule, dubbed "pontius pilate" by the fishermen, was admitting that it was more than just a private problem, but, he said, redress of grievances was not to be found in Paris but at Common Market headquarters in Brussels.

The Communist-led union, no. 1 in the country but holding a minority following among the fishermen, jumped on the occasion to outbid the industry's dominant pro-Socialist union by pressing for increasingly extreme actions.

When it came to ending the strike pending negotiations, there was general stupefaction

that the seamen in the two main Normandy ports where the strike movement had started rejected their union's recommendations to return to work and followed the Communists lead to stay on strike. By then, however, the movement had peaked.

Government strategists hoped to head off the national strike wave that seemed to be building up. If it does not engage in some very fancy footwork, however, the result could be the opposite as the unions compete with each other to incite strikes to prove that they are better defenders of worker interests than their rivals.

After a shaky start, the government seems very aware of this danger and appears to have maneuvered well.

In the fishermen's strike, the government's stress on the conflicting interests of captains and seamen, between regions and between seamen fishing different types of catches succeeded in breaking the back of the strike.

The government's most spectacular contribution to the unaccustomed break in the August holiday truce was to call out the navy to break the blockades of the oil ports of Fos near Marseilles in the Mediterranean and Le Havre in Normandy.

The unequal contests that ensued, with fishing boats rammed by naval vessels and mock-heroic battles taking place in full sight of the ports, earned Barre more amused cartoons of the prime minister in 19th century admiral's uniform than outrage.

Tactics similar to Le Theule's approach with the fishermen have surfaced in the last few days as Education Minister Christian Beuillac has been warning schoolteachers not to start off the new school year on the wrong foot with a strike wave.

In what now seems in retrospect to have been in part a maneuver to dissipate the impact of a strike by the powerful teacher's unions, the government decreed the start of school on a staggered, regional basis rather than all on the same day. Teachers spokesmen have been saying that if the first day of school is going to be staggered, there is no reason that the traditional first-day strike cannot be staggered, too.

Beuillac switched from lumping the teachers unions all together as irresponsible to attacking Communists in the unions separately as the root of the troubles. Teachers are one of the few groups in France whose unions are not divided along political lines. The non-Communist leaders rushed to the defense of their Communist colleagues.

The teachers may find that the government has laid a trap for them. It can tell moderate voters that it is not attacking the non-Communists, but that they have chosen to associate themselves with the Communists.

Federal programs vs. states' rights

Dealing assistance out to the people

By Bruce Babbitt
Governor of Arizona

PHOENIX, Oct. 1 (NYT) — In that dismal swan called inter-governmental relations, Ronald Reagan has spotted an appealing campaign theme: states' rights. He promises, "Everything that can be run more effectively by state and local government we shall turn over to state and local government."

To those of us who came of age in the 1960s, "states' rights" evoke memories of a racist governor standing in the schoolhouse door, and malapportioned legislatures. Two decades later, some of us are having second thoughts about what the government should and should not do. The anti-poverty programs and all the other causes that we work for so enthusiastically have produced parity results.

More than 500 federal grant programs have brought the heavy hand of federal regulation in local programs of every kind: school lunches, libraries, fire protection, street maintenance, the local symphony. Governors like myself, trying to innovate in resource management, medical care and environmental issues, find ourselves cornered by rigid federal regulations at every turn. If we are beginning to sound like George Wallace or John C. Calhoun, it is not because we share their objectives, it is because we believe that the government, acting in pursuit of many noble goals, has not produced what it promised and is rapidly destroying the power of state and local governments to do a better job.

With these thoughts in mind, I turn to the Republican platform's states' rights plank. The main battleground is welfare, the Guadalcanal of inter-governmental relations. The platform declares, "Decisions about who gets welfare, and how much, can be better made on the local level ... Ultimately the Republican Party supports the orderly, wholesale transfer of all welfare functions to the states."

The Democratic platform explicitly rejects any such transfer. "Such a proposal would ... lead to reduced benefits and services to those dependent on welfare programs." Instead, it calls for more federal spending "to provide greater assistance to state and local governments for their welfare class."

The Democrats probably have the better half of the welfare argument. The states have been reluctant to shoulder welfare responsibilities. Disparities among state programs can cause artificial population shifts that penalize states that do act. Income-transfer programs are most efficiently administered at the national level. Social Security is a good example. The National Governors' Association has consistently supported federalizing welfare.

The GOP also advocates reducing federal involvement with education, starting with abolishing the new Department of Education.

The platform stops short of proposing complete transfer of educational responsibilities to the states, but promises "to replace the crazy quilt of wasteful programs with a system of block grants."

In contrast, the Democratic platform boasts that during the Carter administration "federal aid to education has increased by 73 percent — the greatest income increase in such a short period in our history." The Democrats urge "a steady increase in federal support."

The Republicans have a strong case for leaving education to the states. Public education historically has been the province of state and local government. The federal government is a relative newcomer, it contributes less than 10 percent of the total amount spent. That 10-percent contribution has been accompanied by so many regulations that the government is the dominant partner in much education policy. Moreover, federal entry into education has been paralleled by a steady decline in scholastic achievement scores.

After wading through the swamps of education and welfare, the Republican platform

unaccountably neglects a number of the juiciest targets. It failed even to mention the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, a federal pork barrel for police chiefs and sheriffs. The Democratic platform, with its leitmotif of more for everybody, is worse; it pledges to continue "its strong record of providing needed assistance to local law enforcement." Neither party asks the basic question of why the national government should subsidize local law enforcement at all.

The Republican platform, however cautiously, at least asks the right questions, even if its answers appear aimed at urban dwellers and the poor. Democrats seem committed to perpetuate the mass, with more federal programs for every conceivable constituency, a process known as the "revolution of rising entitlement."

It is time to take a hard look at "states' rights" — and responsibilities — and to sort out the respective functions of the government and the states. The Congress ought to be worrying about arms control instead of potholes in the street. We just might have both an increased chance of survival and better streets.

Reduces energy cost

Sails used to move oil drilling rigs

By Everett Harvey
Houston Bureau

HOUSTON — A businessman who discovered sail power in the movement of huge, bulky offshore oil drilling rigs was feasible was a witness in Washington, D.C., before a U.S. Senate sub-committee studying wind power as a means of moving commercial ocean freight.

The sub-committee, chaired by U.S. Senator Spark Matsuyak (D-Hawaii), is sponsoring a bill that would allow the Federal government to fund a research and development study for the installation of sails on commercial shipping among the Hawaiian Islands and Samoa.

Purpose of the study would be to see if the use of sails, and the resulting savings in fuel costs, can cut down the high cost of shipping freight to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, which comprises more than 2,000 islands scattered over 3-million square miles of the North Pacific Ocean with a total land area of only 700 square miles supporting approximately 100,000 persons.

As an inducement to encourage use of sails in commercial ocean traffic, the bill also would provide a 25 per cent tax cut allowance for firms utilizing wind power at sea. The tax cut already exists for wind-power use on land.

C. Robert Palmer, an avid sailor, and president of the Houston-based Rowan Company, manufacturer of offshore drilling rigs, was one of 10 witnesses to testify before the committee in Washington, D.C. on their experiences with the use of sails in commer-

cial ocean traffic.

There currently are thousands of sail-equipped vessels plying the world's oceans. However most are of the pleasure craft variety which do not qualify for tax exemptions.

Palmer testified he began using sails on offshore oil drilling rigs in 1977 to cut down the high costs of having them towed by ocean-going tugs from one port to another.

Special masting was constructed on the rigs to hold two sails, each 180 feet high and 75 feet long, with an area of 6,750 square feet.

He testified he considered the use of sails feasible, and in one instance actually gained a knot-an-hour over the speed attained by ocean-going tugs. He said he will continue to use sails which, in the Rowan Company case, are transferable from rig to rig including removable masts.

His first use of sails was in 1977.

"What we wanted to determine at that time was how the mechanics of the masts and sails would stand up, whether or not anyone could get hurt. But we had problems with the tensioning system and the rotating mechanism. It meant going back to the drawing board," he said.

The company's second voyage began on March 18, 1978, when the "Louisiana" was sailed from Galveston to the Bay of Campeche, Mexico. A third trip in July, this year, was from Galveston to Halifax, Nova Scotia.

"We used sails for 16 days, and everything worked just fine. Sales affect the stability of the rig. And there were times when we gained a half-knot to a full knot of speed over the tug boats," he said.



Saudi Can Co. welcomes the visit of Prince Majed Bin Abdul Aziz, Governor of Makkah and Dr. Ghazi Al Gosaibi, Minister of Industry and Commerce during the inauguration of phase III of the Industrial City, Jeddah.



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WINNER/FALL: A red and black striped knitted dress (right) and a skirt and sweater (left) combined to bring on the elegantly simple look.

For the Los Angeles Ballet

An older star trains young ballet hopefuls

By Martin Bernheimer

LOS ANGELES, (LAT) — What, one had to wonder, was a lady like her doing in a place like this?

The lady was Alexandra Danilova, the legendary ballerina who had left the Maryinsky Company of Leningrad in 1924 to become one of the first great stars of Diaghilev's Ballets Russes.

The lady had been the absolute pride of Monte Carlo, a desired guest with most of the important companies of her time, eventually even a Broadway luminary — remember "the captain" in 1958? — and a choreographer for the Metropolitan Opera. The lady had helped her erstwhile colleague George Balanchine, whom she now calls "Mr. B." mount "Coppelia" for the New York City Ballet, had portrayed a thinly disguised incarnation of herself in "The Turning Point," and assumed latter-day distinction as a teacher and lecturer.

As a dancer, Danilova easily embraced the pure classicism of "Swan Lake" as well as the pert comedy of "Coppelia." Leontine Massine likened her performance of "beau danse" to "champagne on the stage."

An encyclopedist who should know recently described her as "one of the most popular dancers of her time, extremely versatile, of irresistible charm and glitter, elegant and distinguished, a lady of the world."

And here she was, in poor little rich Los Angeles, setting — or trying to set — "Coppelia" on the ever scrappy, modestly

endowed, small-scaled, low-budget Los Angeles Ballet.

Impeccably chic at 76 and still as effortless disseminator of charm and glitter, Danilova brushed aside the suggestion that we talk in the hotel lobby. Lobbies aren't what they used to be. She wasn't interested in the coffee shop, either. Coffee shops are noisy and she had already had her coffee. The interview would take place upstairs, in her room. Settled.

Here she held court. Here she popped up from the chair in the corner to lift her gauzy skirt a few inches to reveal gorgeous, ageless legs and to demonstrate the difference between a vulgar can-can, as practiced by the ballet theater corps these days, and a provocative one, as practiced by the girls of the Ballet Russe de Monte Carlo in the good old days. Here she smiled, sighed, and batted the longest and prettiest lashes money can buy.

Here she talked quite candidly, kin lush St. Petersburg-flavored tones, about a changing world of dance and dancers.

"Why am I here?" she repeated the question. "I think they needed me. This is a very young company, and they don't know the style. I am teaching them how to dance classical ballet. It was very nice of John to choose me."

John, of course, is John Clifford, the director of Los Angeles Ballet.

Although the Danilova visit involved a fortnight in August, Clifford's plans for putting "Coppelia" on the stage remain a bit

vague and distant. If all goes as is hoped, a production utilizing sets and costumes borrowed from Dallas will materialize in March or April. The Danilova sessions are being videotaped and will be used for brush-up sessions in the spring. At that time, the ex-ballerina will return to administer finishing touches. Her salary is covered by a private grant designated specifically for this project.

The Los Angeles "Coppelia" will hardly be a copy of the new New York City Ballet version.

"This," Danilova explains, "will be more 'iotime,' more like the Ballet Russes. It will require about 30 people."

Is that really enough for a work on this scale?

"Well, yes. Eight pairs of dancers are quite enough. Diaghilev and quite a small company. People forget that. He hired additional dancers only when he played glamorous engagements in big cities. John will do the same..."

The most challenging aspect of the current assignment for Danilova doesn't even involve the dancing per se.

"It is very difficult," she says, "for young artists to play mine. It is not enough, I keep telling them, that you feel. You must make the public feel."

Is this young company really ready for "Coppelia"?

"That is very difficult to say. Yes, I think so. One must push them. That is always the way. They will work. They will rehearse. The result may not be absolutely first-class, but it will help the dancers to develop."



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In Paris

Preparing for winter

By Raana Siddiqi

PARIS — The morning to night frenzy for the Fall-Winter collection shows is over. One can say with a sigh of relief that the Parisian fashion houses have not dropped any outlandish surprises on the fashion world. In fact, the imperative word in the fall of 1980 and heading into 1981 is "classic" ... ladylike blousons with skirts, folkloric suits with jackets, pants and pant variations, and neat school girl dresses are the fashion rage.

The fashion-conscious waited apprehensively for the new拜拜 by the fashion lords only to discover that the major fashion houses presented, thank goodness, a variation of skirt lengths ranging from maxi to mini. The intent this season seems to be to please everybody and to present a well-dressed woman no matter what her age.

Givenchy, long known for its sophisticated approach to clothes, presented skirts falling just at the knee and above. Saint Laurent lengths varied from floor to just above the knee. Dior hemmed over the knee while cardigan coats and disco dresses are above the knee.

Mini lengths were widely displayed by Claude Moutana, Issey Miyake and Angelo Ferazzi. Voila, the length is yours to choose for your skirt!

Chloe, Saint Laurent and few others have favored pants in several variations. Saint Laurent pants are straight to the ankle shapes, while Chloe shows variations including culottes and walking shorts. As Frankie Carbone predicted last season, loose pants have made a comeback. Ferazzi and Miyake collections have brought out the "big big" pants which are more like billowy skirts.

Big and exaggerated padded shoulders have been replaced by clear cut and small shoulders in the dresses this season. Suits

seem to be popular with jackets and oatmeal skirts or straight pants. Givenchy's tailored suits with Laurent folkloric suits with full skirts and jackets are quite suitable for our part of the world.

Dior and Chloe's school girl look is obviously influenced by the British boarding school. Complete with hats, berets, blazers and prim skirts.

Several Paris designers have brought back sweaters and knit dresses. Hand knit pattern of yester year reappear in today's fashionable lengths and designs. Even ruffled knit dresses prevail.

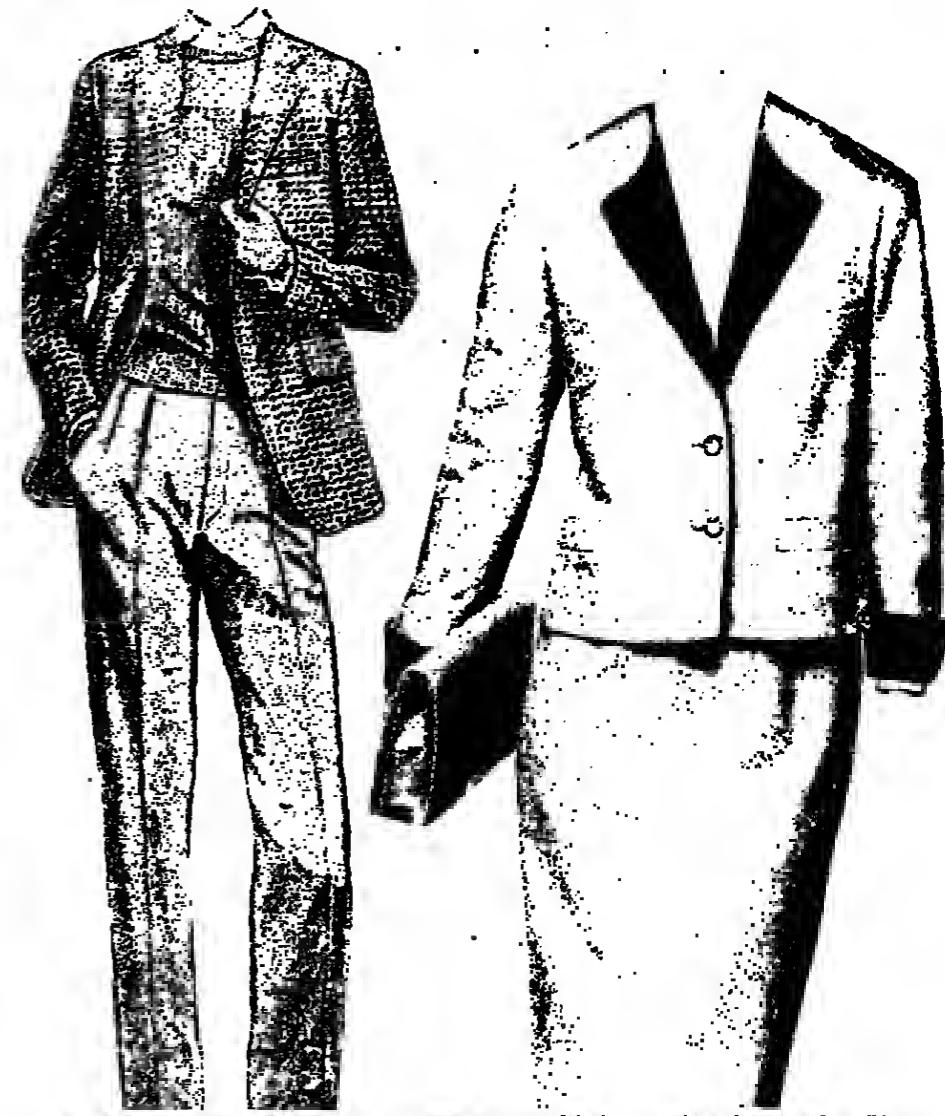
Colored stockings with numerous designs take you back a few years. Another accessory favored by most fashion houses are bows — in the hair, at the neck or on the belt.

With the hemlines rising, heels are a couple of inches lower to keep the proportion right. One inch low heels, strappy sandals, even flat and low heeled pumps seem to be the great fashion ows this season.

Colors vary widely. Predominant in the Saint Laurent collection are reds, blueberries, violets and pinks while Chloe goes for mustards and cobalts. Givenchy reds, sea greens and turquoises are a contrast to more subdued tawny and softer colors of the Mugler collection and the black and whites of Sonia Rykiel. Some Dior pieces glitter with gold or black.

Feathers seem to be out but some designers including Dior, Chloe and Saint Laurent show ruffled trimmings of silks, cottons, taffetas and satins.

To sum up Parisian fashion for the Fall and Winter of 1980 and 1981 — an uncluttered classic look with a range of choice colors, design and lengths to suit every woman in a flattering way.



FASHION: Saint-Laurent's favorite silhouette for fall (left), and an elegant suit by Pierre Cardin (right).

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Greece threatens to cut NATO tie

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (AP) — If no new formula for its participation in NATO is reached "within the next few weeks," Greece will be forced to pull out of the Atlantic alliance for good, the country's foreign minister is quoted as saying.

"We do not want to do it," Constantine Mitsotakis said in an interview with the *Washington Post* conducted at the United Nations and published Wednesday. "But Greece must return to the alliance or it must withdraw its application for return before the Greek elections next year."

Greece withdrew from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's military wing in 1974 to protest what President Constantine Karamanlis said was the Nixon administration's failure to stop Turkey's invasion of Cyprus. Greece has since taken part in the alliance's political activities and has joined in some military maneuvers.

In 1976, Greece applied for readmission to the alliance. But that move has been blocked by a disagreement between Athens and Ankara over Greece's insistence that it be given operational control of Aegean air and sea lanes.

Mitsotakis was quoted by the *Post* as saying that if no agreement can be negotiated soon, Greece will be forced to take over the four



Constantine Mitsotakis

American military bases on Greek soil. Among those bases are an important naval installation and an electronic listening post that keeps track of Soviet military movements in the eastern Mediterranean.

Mitsotakis is said to have relayed his government's warning to Secretary of State Edmund Muskie earlier this week at the United Nations. Mitsotakis' comments represent the first time the Karamanlis government has said publicly and explicitly that it is unwilling to face the 1981 Greek elections with the NATO issue unresolved.

Briton hits Macbride press report

BELGRADE, Oct. 1 (AP) — Peter Blaikie, Britain's minister of state for foreign and commercial affairs, has said some aspects of the Macbride report on international communications and media were "dangerous."

Addressing the plenary session of the UNESCO conference, Blaikie headed off the first of the controversial debate on freedom of the press and international communications likely to continue during the upcoming conference beginning Oct. 10.

The British minister said that "the overall impression left by the recommendation (of the Macbride report) is one which we cannot accept."

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13 killed in Salvador urban clash

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador, Oct. 1 (AP) — Government troops fought pitched battles against leftist guerrillas using mortars and bazookas all through Tuesday near three main cities in this country, an army spokesman said. Thirteen persons were reported killed in one of the battles.

The spokesman, who asked not to be identified by name, described the guerrilla attacks as "very serious." But he said troops from the 5th army brigade in the western part of the country managed to subdue the rebels by nightfall.

"The situation is now under control," the spokesman said but claimed he was under orders not to make details public for the moment. He said guerrillas used mortar fire and bazookas in confronting army troops near San Vicente, 69 km northwest of the capital. He said 10 guerrillas and three soldiers were killed there.

Other intense firefights between the guerrillas and army units were reported outside Santa Ana, the country's second largest city and Sonsonate, located about 80 km west of San Salvador. But the spokesman said he had no details on possible casualties.

Six guerrilla groups are fighting to overthrow the ruling civilian-military junta and set up a Marxist government in El Salvador. As part of the violence engulfing the nation, three school teachers were reported assassinated on Tuesday.

A couple of unidentified attackers shot two teachers to death as they emerged from a Roman Catholic high school in downtown San Salvador, and then escaped, witnesses said. A spokesman for the leftist-led Salvadoran Educators Association identified the victims as Oscar Romano and Juan Jose Chavez, and said they were the 105th and 106th association members killed since Jan. 15. Another teacher was shot in Sonsonate.

Police sources did not give a motive for the double killing. Leftists and rightists are engaged in a clandestine war for power, and the Salvadoran Human Rights Commission estimates more than 6,000 civilians have died to the violence since Jan. 1.

The commission says another 3,000 persons have disappeared after arrest. The politically moderate junta of two army colonels and three civilians, in power since Oct. 15, 1979, so far has not been successful in stopping the bloodshed.

The guerrilla Democratic Revolutionary Front — FDR — said Tuesday the government agreed to decide within 48 hours whether it would meet the group's demands for releasing 11 hostages from the occupied Organization of American States offices.

Government sources could not be reached for confirmation of the deal, but officials have consistently denied negotiating with the FDR guerrillas.

1,931 quit Zimbabwe

SALISBURY, Oct. 1 (AP) — More people emigrated from Zimbabwe in August than in any month since December 1978, at the height of the guerrilla war, according to official figures. Most of the emigrants were white.

The *Digest of Statistics* reported that 1,931 people left Zimbabwe from Aug. 1 to 31. A record 1,596 had left in December 1978, the month Salisbury's fuel depot was burned in a spectacular urban guerrilla attack.

Salisbury's fuel depot was burned in a spectacular urban guerrilla attack.

Parties have taken advantage of the continuing school and university holidays to recruit thousands of youngsters who have plastered every city, town and village with election posters. Now they man convoys of party vehicles, decked in the flags of the various electoral coalitions, which patrol the streets, squawking propaganda from loudspeakers.

The election campaign has plunged Portugal into a three-week political carnival with



(AP photo)
PRESIDENT VOTES: Panamanian President Aristedes Rojo signs the voting book at a primary school in Panama City before casting his ballot in the country's first elections in 12 years in which political parties have been allowed to participate.

U.S. would limit use of incendiaries

GENEVA, Oct. 1 (AP) — The United States offered Tuesday to accept broad restrictions on the use of incendiary weapons. The move, at the U.N. conference on weapons here, was described by U.S. observers as a significant concession.

The proposal, which would preclude firing incendiary weapons at military targets in populated areas, was presented by Michael Matheson, acting head of the U.S. delegation to the United Nations conference on restricting or banning conventional weapons deemed inhumane or excessively injurious.

Sources in the American delegation, while referring to their offer as "a significant move," stressed that it was not to be considered a unilateral renunciation of incendiary arms but, instead, as "a negotiating offer" aimed at producing an international agreement on a protocol about such weapons.

Since convening Sept. 15, the conference, which has attracted representatives from more than 70 countries, has been struggling to conclude a generally-worded draft treaty and two accompanying protocols — one setting forth restrictions on incendiary weapons, the other covering landmines and booby traps. The talks are in their second year and are to continue until Oct. 10.

The conference has produced no major agreements. The proposed scope of restrictions on incendiary weapons — the conference's most controversial topic — has created sharp divisions, casting military powers against smaller countries.

Representatives from Mexico and Sweden said Tuesday they welcomed the U.S. move, which took some conference observers by surprise. "I couldn't believe my ears when I heard it," one source said.

Until Tuesday, the United States had been willing to support a ban on firing "flame weapons" — notably napalm — against military targets in populated areas, which would include towns, cities, and villages, as well as refugee camps.

The revised American position is considerably more expansive and would include weapons which historically have been dropped over industrialized areas, such as in the U.S. air attacks on Tokyo and Dresden during World War II.

The conference, in its draft protocol on incendiary weapons, describes that armament as being "primarily designed to set fire to objects or to cause burn injury to persons through the action of flame, heat or a combination thereof."

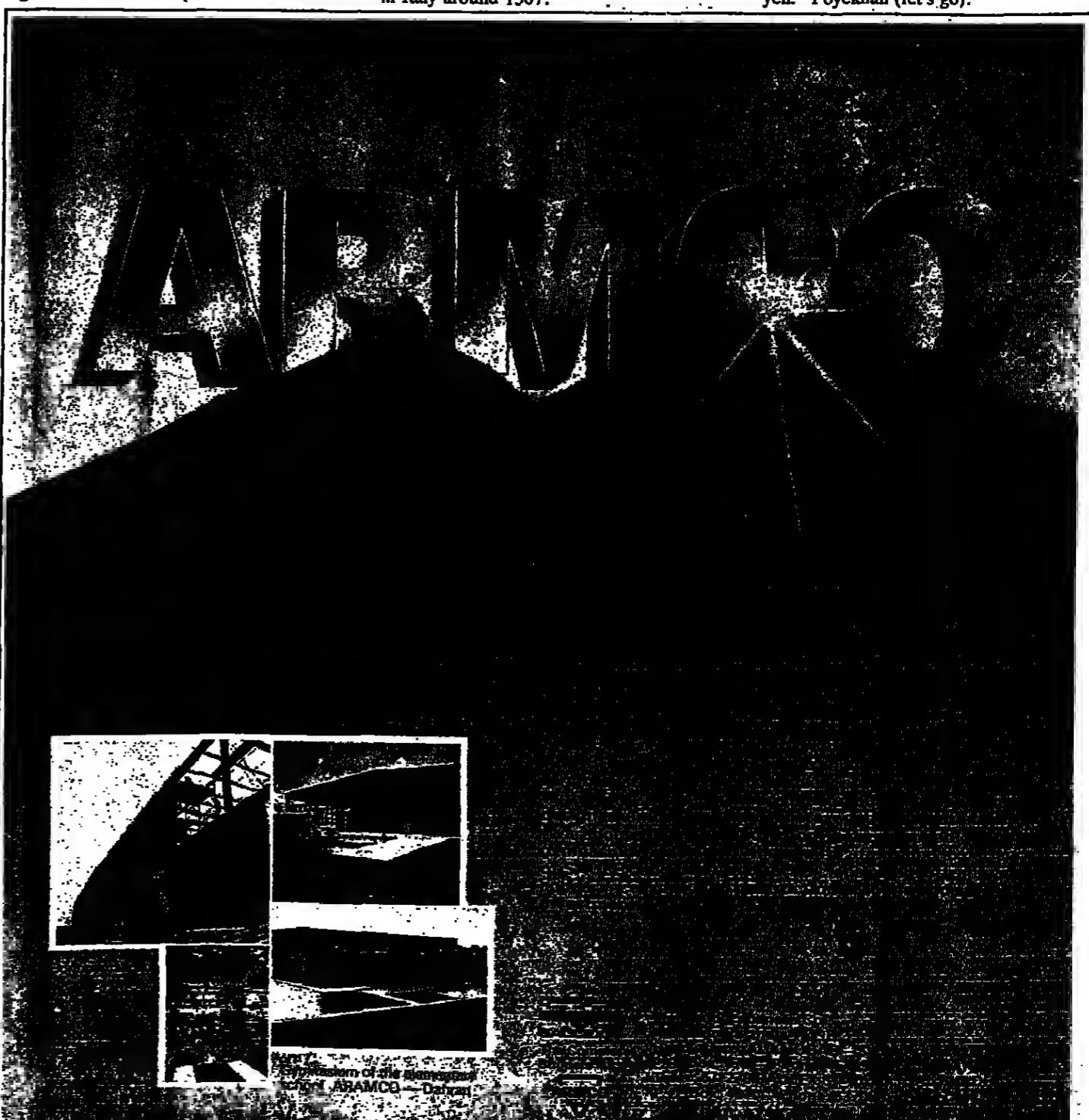
Cosmonauts set record

MOSCOW, Oct. 1 (AP) — Soviet cosmonauts Valery Ryumin and Leonid Popov Wednesday shattered the world space endurance record of 175 days and 36 minutes established in August 1979.

The mark belongs to Vladimir Lyakhov and to Ryumin, whose wife once said he was certain he would break the physical when he applied for the cosmonaut program. He didn't and the 41-year-old civil engineer has now spent nearly a year, on three different trips, the last two aboard the orbiting Soviet space station Salyut-6. His first flight in October, 1977, ended after two days when his spaceship failed to dock with the space station.

Manuscript on block

LONDON, Oct. 1 (AP) — An illustrated manuscript by Leonardo da Vinci, *Of the Nature, Weight and Movement of Water*, which could fetch up to \$12 million, goes up for auction at Christie's here in December, experts said. The 35-page work was compiled in Italy around 1507.



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July 1980

Poverty commonplace**Tibetans buoyed by medieval piety**

JASA, Tibet, Oct. 1 (Newsday) — The old Russian-built turboprop searches a slim green valley among the white-capped summits, then slips between its mountain walls and descends. Suddenly (and to us, frighteningly) the Chinese pilot turns 270 degrees around the peak that is only a snowball's throw off the left tip.

broad flood plain flares out beneath the course, the valley of the Brahmaputra. long moment passes, and then the fully-loaded Ilyushin-18 sets down easily on the top of the world. There is just a runway by er. No control tower. No terminal. Not fuel tanks — the plane must bring its return supply.

Tengku, the jumping-off spot to western China, is two hours and 15 minutes of deserts and smooth trans-Himalayan flying behind.

It is still three hours ahead, a harrowing minibus ride over dirt roads, etched from spurious mountainsides in some places, ting rao-swollen mountain torrents in others.

Further from awe or altitude (it's 4,000 meters, and breathing comes hard) the passengers bounce along to utter silence past 65 as of impoverished mud-and-stone villages, brown, leathery-skinned herdsmen

ing sheep and cattle amid the pale green

of mountain brush, an ancient ruined asery. Rubbery bags of oxygen, like miniature air mattresses, are passed around. Huge kites loom over us.

abruptly there rises just under the horizon it seems like a small hilltop. Our party of

Western journalists (the Chinese, Tibetan

Mongolian passengers among the 90

and our plane are to separate buses)

act golden flashes of sunlight bouncing off top. It seems so tiny in the distance, but

there is no mistaking the gilded magnificence perched atop the hill — the Potala Palace, the 1,200-year-old fortress of the Dalai Lama. The vision takes hold — or perhaps the oxygen — and the busload comes alive with chattering anticipation.

To half an hour we are there. One understands at once why Lhasa holds such a grip on mankind's imagination. For the "Rooftop of the World" is less a land of mystery than of medieval piety. Despite the most adverse living conditions — life-shortening altitude, grim weather, shortages of food and clothing, and poverty everywhere — Tibetans seem a remarkably sunny people.

Foreigners are eagerly welcomed, even in the holiest of Tibet's holy places, the Jokhang Temple here. People happily pose for visitors, and on a summer evening after the rainy season's daily downpour, oldsters dance in the streets accompanied by their own singing.

The Tibetans' Buddhist faith seems undiminished by 21 years of forceful repression and the exile of the Dalai Lama after Chiang crushed the Lamasit uprising of 1959. During that time all of the region's 2,400 temples and monasteries were shut down and the 100,000 monks sent out to work. When the Cultural Revolution hit Tibet, along with the rest of Communist China, most holy places were desecrated or demolished.

A delegation of civil officials representing the Dalai Lama, here to check the possibilities for his return from exile to India, reported finding a huge mound of broken Buddha statues outside the god-king's summer palace in Lhasa. A middle-age Tibetan banded a visiting correspondent a note charging that the region's recently-dismissed chief official had departed for China with a truck-load of valuables, including jewels. "We saw

all this clearly, but we can't tell anyone here," the note said. "We ask all the visitors from the West to help us."

Such counter revolutionary acts would bring instant arrest and reeducation in the rest of China. Indeed, thousands of Tibetans are said to have been jailed for such gestures of independence in the past, particularly after the 1959 rebellion led by the Dalai Lama's hierarchy.

The other side of the story, of course, is that until the Peking regime reasserted Chinese authority over Tibet in 1950, the bulk of Tibetans lived in serfdom, their lives literally owned by the estates of noblemen or monasteries. Now they are freemen — schools have been established, highways built and a few industries begun to improve the job opportunities for those wishing to leave their farms or mountain pastures. In short, the serfdom has been ended, if not yet the poverty.

For the moment at least the religious repression also seems over. The new broom of Deng Xiaoping and his moderates in Peking finally reached Lhasa in May, sweeping away leaders installed during the Cultural Revolution. For the past six months Tibetans have been largely free to go their own way, so long as the word independence never passes their lips.

At government expense, the holy places are being restored. The vast Potala, the most holy temple of Jokhang and the world's biggest monasteries at nearby Drepung, where 10,000 lamas used to live, are once again staffed with monks on salary from the state. The Red Guards' damage has largely been repaired and the Dalai Lama's bedroom awaits him. Perhaps most indicative of all, devout Tibetans even feel free enough to show their loyalty for the old by prostrating themselves on the ground each time they pass the Dalai Lama's empty palace. Their faith assures them he will soon return.

Street traders openly bargain their wares — jewelry, religious amulets, deadly-looking knives — along the dirt streets. The doors of the state-operated stores on Lhasa's "main" street are plastered with bilingual notices legalizing the free enterprise of local traders. There are only 60 hotel rooms in the country, but the old restrictions on foreigners have been lifted. If you can afford the tariff, which runs to \$200 a day or so, the Lhasa branch of China's travel service will welcome you.

There are by the latest estimates 1,680,000 Tibetans dwelling in this land, which comprises nearly one-eighth the total area of China. They share it with 120,000 Chinese civilians, 120,000 people of other ethnic background, and a powerful military contingent of perhaps 150,000 troops securing the nation's southwest frontier from Pakistan to Burma. Even after 30 years of Chinese efforts at modernization 90 of the region's 400 local government districts lack a single road.

"This one is just a sample of what we are going to bring up. We've spotted several 36-pounders and several bigger guns down there."

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Kronan was not particularly seaworthy, a fact the Swedes tend to blame on the English engineer Francis Sheldoo, who supervised her construction. While making a dash to cut off the enemy fleet, she listed heavily and water poured in through her gun ports.

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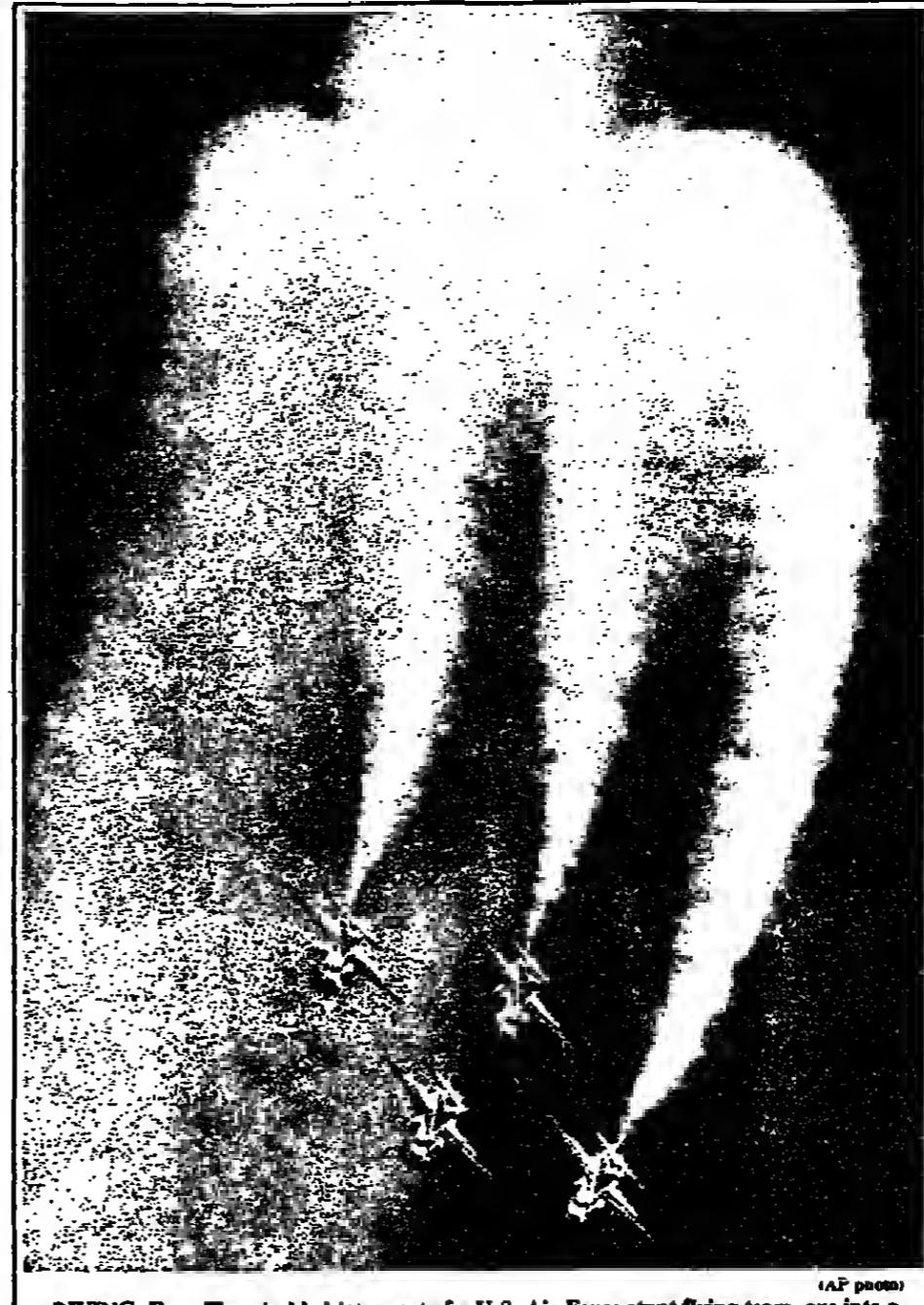
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DIVING: Four Thunderbird jets, part of a U.S. Air Force stunt flying team, are into a performance at Portland, Oregon. A crowd of 20,000 watched the show. (AP photo)

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Black-white lifespan gap lessening

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (AP) — The difference in life expectancy between blacks and whites in the United States is lessening, according to figures published by the U.S. Health Statistics Center.

Records for 1978 show the gap as 4.8 years, compared with seven years in 1968, but blacks run more than five times the risk of being murdered. The average life expectancy for the nation as a whole is 73.3.

The figures also show that heart disease is still the number one killer, followed by cancer, strokes and accidents.

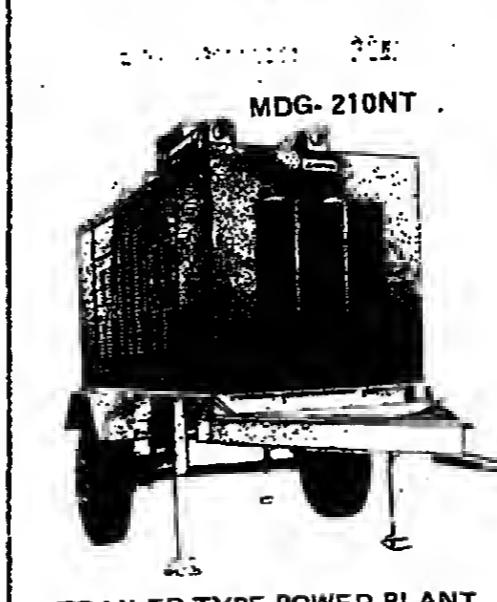
Easy divorce and gambling laws are

blamed for Nevada's high suicide rate of 24.8 per hundred thousand, almost double the national average of 12.5 in 1978. The lowest rate, 7.2 per hundred thousand, was in New Jersey.

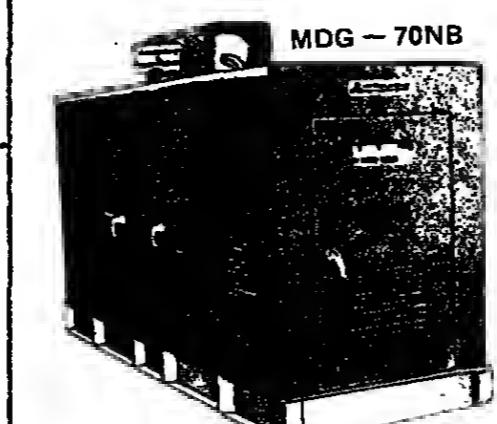
The sunshine state of Florida, a favorite retirement spot, had the country's highest death rate from all causes at 11.03.7 per hundred thousand and the highest average age of 32.3.

At the bottom was Alaska, with a death rate of 41.1 per hundred thousand and an average age of 22.9, well below the national norm of 28.1.

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But not enough to satisfy demand

Record rice, wheat harvest predicted

LONDON, Oct. 1 (R) — World farmers will produce record amounts of rice and wheat this year but poor weather has hit other crops and the total harvest will not satisfy the demand for food.

This is the picture emerging from latest estimates by agricultural organizations for the 1980-81 crop year, which runs from last July to next June.

With harvesting drawing to a close in the Northern Hemisphere, the main food-growing region, the estimates should be fairly close to final output.

The forecasts show that countries have had mixed fortunes with their harvests. Drought in the United States, a principal producer, has severely curtailed some crops, while too much rain has hit the harvest of the Soviet Union, the largest producer of wheat.

However, Western Europe has surprised experts by growing a bumper harvest of grain.

Overall, the higher output of wheat and rice is more than counterbalanced by growth in demand from expanding populations and the poor harvests of two key crops, coarse grains and oilseeds.

Total stocks of grain by the end of the present crop year are forecast to fall to their lowest level for five years. The tight supply of food crops in 1981 is very likely to drive up prices, agricultural experts believe. And in

poorer areas millions will very probably continue to go hungry.

Wheat and rice are each the staple foods of about 40 per cent of the world's population. But coarse grains, which include barley and maize and oilseeds such as soybeans, are vital for animal feed and manufacturing some types of food.

Experts believe that much of the extra production of wheat this year will have to be diverted to animal feed.

Predictions from a variety of organizations, including the International Wheat Council (IWC) and the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), suggest total world production of wheat this year will be around 450 million tons. This is about 25 million tons more than last year and equal to the record set in 1978-79.

Output has risen because a larger area of wheat has been planted and conditions have been fairly favorable. The drought in the U.S., by far the largest exporter, came too late to cut production severely.

The forecasts say that rice output will reach a record of about 395 million tons, some 20 million tons more than last year. Heavy rainfall in key producing countries in Asia, including China, India, Thailand and Indonesia, helped growth.

Output of coarse grains and oilseeds, how-

ever, has not only fallen below targets but also below last year's levels. World production of coarse grain is expected to be around 721 million tons, down from 728 million tons in 1979-80. Oilseed output will be around 164 million tons compared with 177 million last year.

A chief reason has been drought in the U.S., the major producer of both types of crop. The falls in world production are more than accounted for by drops in U.S. output.

A fierce drought, together with a searing heatwave in southern areas, gripped much of the agricultural heartland of the United States during the summer months.

By the end of the crop year in June 1981, total stocks of grain may be down to about 191 million tons, the lowest level since 1975-76, the USDA believes.

The U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) says such stock levels will be well below the minimum needed for world food security. However, millions will be short of food this year and every year not because of an unsatisfactory harvest but because of the world's underlying economic problems and the difficulty of moving grain where it is needed.

Some important uncertainties still hang over the 1980-81 harvest. Among these is the performance of the Soviet Union, vital because the country has the world's second largest total grain output and usually consumes even more than it produces.

The Soviet grain harvest should reach around 205 million tons, Western experts say. This is well above last year's very poor crop of 179 million tons but equally far below the target of 235 million tons.

Increasing problems have hit the Soviet harvest. After a wet summer, unusually cold weather has begun to spread across the country. Official sources have complained of poor use of machinery and in some areas sowing of winter wheat is well behind schedule.

The Southern Hemisphere harvest is also yet to come. Australia, the largest exporter of wheat after the U.S. and Canada, is suffering a severe drought. The country's wheat board has reduced its forecast of exports to about 10 million tons from 15 million last year.

Market trading moderate

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 — After the slide of recent days, the market was Tuesday received in moderate trading. There was some encouragement on the inflation front with farm prices up 1.9 per cent in September. While still an increase, the rise was less than the 3.6 per cent jump in August and July 5.5 per cent.

The Dow Jones Industrials bounced back 10.50 to end at 932.42. The Dow transportation index recovered 3.10 points to 33.87, and utilities edged up .44 to 107.82. The New York Stock Exchange index added 1.01 to 72.27, the Nasdaq composite rose 1.97 to 187.76, and the Amex closed higher at 329.91, up 5.33. Breadth was positive with higher issues leading declining issues by better than 2 to 1. Volume was lower at 40 shares vs 46 million shares Monday. London gold was weaker at 666.75, down 12.50.

Though a leading decline Monday, Engelhard Minerals was among the largest gainers at 54.4 up 4.4. Superior Oil of California also a big loser Monday, started at 113.4, climbing 11.4. Home Depot and posted impressive gains of 65.4 up 4.4, and Dow-Morgan 14.4 up 1.2. Price Chopper was up 1.4, up 4. Among other gold miners Asa jumped 3.4 up 4.2, and Campbell Red Lake at 73.

Active oil stocks included Mobil, up 1.4 to 73.4, and Atlantic Richfield, up 2.4 to 52.4. Standard Oil of Ohio jumped 3.4, Getty added 2 to 60.4, and Exxon was up 1.4 to 75.4. Texaco closed 3.4, edging up 1.4.

Supplied by Merrill Lynch International Co., Bahrain.

Report finds Swiss best paid workers

LONDON, Oct. 1 (AP) — The Swiss are by far the best paid workers in the industrial world, followed by the Dutch and the West Germans, according to a report published Wednesday. Bottom of the list come the Portuguese, who earn half as much as the next worst-paid workers, the Greeks.

Published by Inbucor, a firm of British management consultants, the report covers earnings in 20 industrialized countries and gives the average annual wage in pounds for each.

Switzerland, which tops the league of affluence, pays its workers an average 15.35 pounds (\$36,549) a year, according to the report.

Dutchmen are next better off, averaging more than one thousand pounds less at 14,205 pounds (\$33,870) a year. In West Germany, the average annual wage is 13,582 pounds (\$32,325) says the report. But in Portugal, workers average only 2,042 pounds (\$4,859) a year, less than half amount earned in Greece — 19th on the list — where the average wage is 4,237 pounds (\$10,084) a year.

The United States comes exactly half-way down the list in 10th place, its workers averaging 9,644 pounds (\$22,952) a year, according to Inbucor.

And despite the fact that London is fast becoming one of the world's most expensive cities, Britain is way down in 15th place in the pay scale with average annual earnings of just 7,266 pounds (\$17,293) the report says. Apart from Portugal and Greece, only in Ireland, Spain and Italy are living costs lower than in Britain, it adds.

When Inbucor last surveyed costs one year ago, London was average-priced, coming about half-way down in a review of 26 major cities.

Now, says the firm, only Tokyo, Zurich, Hamburg, Dusseldorf, Copenhagen and Oslo are more costly than the British capital.

Foreign Exchange Rates			
	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
Bahraini Dinar	—	118.00	—
Belgian Franc (1,000)	114.00	118.00	—
Canadian Dollar	2.83	—	—
Deutsche Mark (100)	183.00	185.00	184.25
Dutch Guilder (100)	173.00	—	169.70
Egyptian Pound	—	4.35	4.30
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	90.25	90.20
French Franc (100)	76.00	80.00	79.50
Greek Drachma (1,000)	—	80.00	—
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	43.10
Irqi Dinar	—	9.50	—
Italian Lira (10,000)	38.00	39.00	38.80
Japanese Yen (1,000)	16.00	—	15.80
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.35	11.37
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	—	12.45
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	96.90	96.65
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	88.50	85.50
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	—	33.75
Philippines Peso (100)	—	—	44.50
Pound Sterling	7.94	8.00	7.97
Qatari Riyal (100)	—	91.45	91.40
Singapore Dollar	—	—	1.58
Spanish Peso (1,000)	—	49.00	45.75
Swiss Franc (100)	201.00	202.50	202.25
Syrian Lira (100)	—	77.00	85.50
Turkish Lira (1,000)	—	—	44.00
U.S. Dollar	3.32	3.33	3.325
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	73.15	72.95
Gold kg	—	73,200.00	—
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Silver kg	—	—	—

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah — Tel: 23815.

Industrial states can cope with oil cutoff, IEA says

PARIS, Oct. 1 (AFP) — Industrialized countries can deal with a prolonged interruption of Iraqi and Iranian oil exports, due to higher than ever oil supplies, the executive director of the International Energy Agency (IEA) has said here.

In a news conference Tuesday, Ulf Lantzke said the situation would be "manageable" even if the cutoff of Iranian and Iraqi oil exports continued until the end of the year.

Kuwait lends \$250m to Yugoslavia

BELGRADE, Oct. 1 (R) — Yugoslavia has obtained a \$250 million loan from Kuwait to help it raise foreign currency reserves and payment abroad, officials said.

An agreement to that effect was signed here Tuesday by the National Bank of Yugoslavia and a Kuwaiti state corporation.

Market was believed to have fallen to about 12.5 per cent of the market this month, compared with 19.7 per cent in August. Datsun was said to have reduced its figure from 10.9 per cent to slightly more than 6 per cent.

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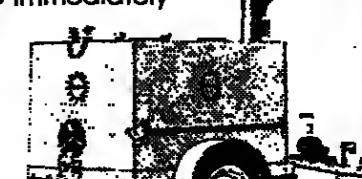
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*Catch-22 in fight with Ali***Holmes sure to 'lose'**

LAS VEGAS, Oct. 1 (AP) — Larry Holmes approaches the defense of his World Boxing Council heavyweight championship Thursday night in something of a can't-win situation.

If he defeats Muhammad Ali, he knows critics will say Ali, at age 38, is over the hill making the victory a hollow one.

If he loses to Ali, he knows critics will say Holmes never was much of a champion anyway, beating inferior opponents on the road to the throne.

Holmes is fully aware of the catch-22 situation.

Kuwait takes Asian Cup

KUWAIT, Oct. 1 (R) — Kuwait Tuesday became the first Arab team to win the Asian Cup in soccer when it scored a brilliant 3-0 triumph over South Korea.

After only eight minutes the unstoppable Kuwaitis burst into the lead. Jassim Ya' Couh on the right centred the ball to Muhammad Karam, Karam headed it to Saad Al-Houti five yards from the goal and he rocketed it into the net.

The South Koreans hit back, far from overwhelmed, but the Kuwait defense proved unbeatable. In the 34th minute a mistake by the Korean defense gave Kuwait its second goal. Jassim Ya' Couh picked up a pass by the defenders and slipped it to Faisal Deekel, who booted it home.

Foul play marred the game after the half-time as South Korea fought to narrow the Kuwaiti lead. In the 66th minute, Deekel netted the winner of a pass from Ya' Couh but the South Koreans protested that Ya' Couh had been offside.

Stanford coach gets UPI honor

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (UPI) — Stanford head coach Paul Wiggin earned UPI's Coach of the Week honors for leading his Cardinals to a stunning 31-14 victory over mighty Oklahoma Saturday.

Wiggin says he had doubts about making a good showing against Oklahoma after Stanford got whipped by Boston College a week earlier. Wiggin says had Stanford played the sooner on the Cardinals' field, he would have felt more confident. But he says "you don't have any idea what it's like playing on a strange field until you've been to Norman. That's a whole different world there."

"He takes little credit for the victory. In his words, "It was a fabulous team effort. It was a dramatic high, a real confidence builder."

tion, "I will win," he says rather matter-of-factly, "because I'd rather have them say I beat an old Ali than to have them say an old Ali beat a young Larry Holmes."

Holmes is one month short of his 31st birthday, not exactly young by sports standards. But he is eight years younger than Ali and those years could make a difference over the course of 15 rounds.

"I'm young and strong and full of endurance," said Holmes, dipping into a little Ali-type poetry. "He needs insurance."

Well, maybe not insurance, but certainly Ali will need all his tools Thursday night. And the suspicion in Holmes' camp is that two years away from the ring will have rusted those tools for Ali.

Since Ali won back the WBA version of the title in September, 1978, he has been idle. Over that same period, Holmes has won seven fights and none of those bouts have gone the distance.

"This is the fourth fight this year," Holmes said. "I've been very active and I'm good."

And yet there are those people around the fight game who wonder just how good Holmes really is. Critics point to his flat-footed, straight-up style. He is not what you would call fast, certainly not as fast as Ali was in his prime.

The list of people he has beaten is hardly awe-inspiring. His last two defenses have been against Leroy Jones and Scott Ledoux, a pair of journeyman heavyweights. Ali laughs at the names and rattles off his own list of opponents — a heavyweight who's who that starts with Sonny Liston, includes Joe Frazier and Ken Norton three times each, George Foreman, and a host of others. "I've been in so many wars," Ali signed. "This is his first pressure fight."

Perhaps with that in mind, Ali has been hard at work weaving a web of psychological warfare, saying he will keep right on talking in the ring. Holmes laughs it off, saying it won't work on him.

"I'm not into clowning," the champion said. "If he talks to me, he's gonna get his jaw broken like he did my Norton."

Technically, Holmes has plenty going for him. He owns an excellent left jab and puts combination punches together very well. There is thunder in his right uppercut, the punch to be used to beat Mike Weaver in a fight in which he was in trouble.

He also takes a good punch and has the ability to come back, a talent he displayed coming off the floor to beat Earline Sowers and rallying to knock out Weaver.

Pacing could be a problem for the champion. He fights early and if the fight wears on, he could tire. But he has sparred long and hard for this fight and seems to be in topfight condition.

"I'm gonna knock him out," pledges Holmes, "and when I whip Ali, they'll say I whipped an old man."



ON THE FIELD: Juan Samaranch, president of the International Olympic Committee, joins other sports officials this summer for some soccer action.

Samaranch taking over**New IOC chief eyes future**

MONTE CARLO, Monaco, Oct. 1 (AP) — In two weeks, Juan Antonio Samaranch will end his duties as Spanish ambassador to Moscow and give all his time to heading the International Olympic Committee (IOC).

Samaranch, 60, will be the first president to live headquarters in Lausanne since the founder of the modern games, the late Frenchman Baron Pierre de Coubertin, made his home in Lausanne during the last part of his life.

Lord Killanin, Samaranch's predecessor, lived in Dublin and kept in touch with the IOC office by telex and occasional visits.

Samaranch has to try to bind the Olympic movement together following the battering it took during the political boycott of the games in Moscow this summer. He said he was encouraged by a meeting of the IOC's tripartite commission, which ended Tuesday in Monte Carlo.

Representatives of the IOC, the National Olympic Committees and the international sports federations all called for unity in the cause of sport in the future.

The meeting reviewed the Moscow games and the boycott led by the United States and involving about 60 countries, following the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

A statement issued at the end of the meeting said: "The commission declared itself in defense of sport."

Samaranch himself said that by seeing the Moscow games through despite the boycott, the IOC had made itself stronger than before.

In December, Samaranch plans a visit to Los Angeles, where the 1984 summer games are being staged.

Meanwhile, he is in constant correspondence with Killanin and is planning for next year's Olympic movement will be discussed.

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After losing the first set 1-6, Turnbull came back with 6-4, 6-2 sets for the victory.

In other action during the second day of first-round play, second-seeded Billie Jean King of the United States downed 20-year-old Peanut Louie of the United States 7-6, 6-3.

First seeded American Tracy Austin and fourth-seeded Diana Fromholtz of Australia, won their opening-round matches Monday.

Teeguarden, ranked 35th in the world's computer ratings, used an impressive array of offensive shots and totally dominated net play in the first set as seventh-ranked Turnbull managed to win only her first service.

Relying on a serve and volley game of her own, Turnbull regained her offensive composure in the second set. She matched Teeguarden's successful services game for game until she finally broke service at 5-4 of the set to even the match.

The other commissioners have taken similar stands.

Baltimore beats Boston as Yanks fall to Indians

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (AP) — The Baltimore Orioles kept the heat on the New York Yankees and their hopes alive in the American League East race, pulling closer to the front-runners with an 11-6 victory over the Boston Red Sox Tuesday night.

Coupled with the Yankee loss at Cleveland, the Orioles — 5½ games behind and virtually counted out of the race just last Saturday pulled within 2½ games of the leaders.

Ken Singleton, Eddie Murray and Dan

Graham homered to lead a 15-batter attack for the Orioles. Baltimore starter Mike Flanagan, 16-13 was staked to 10 runs in the first five innings. The Orioles ripped Boston starter Steve Renko, for eight hits and seven runs, finally knocking out the veteran right-hander in a five-run fourth.

Mike Hargrove's bases-loaded single highlighted a four run eighth inning that carried the Indians over the Yankees. The loss kept the Yankees magic number for clinching the AL East at three.

Mike Monge, 3-4, was the winner while New

York reliever Rich Gossage, 6-2, surren-

dered four runs in the eighth inning of the

see-saw game and took the loss.

Elsewhere in the AL, Alan Trammell hit

two home runs and Champ Summers and Al

Cowens added solo shots as the Detroit

Tigers defeated the Toronto Blue Jays 5-3.

Mike Heath drove in two runs with a sixth-

inning triple and Rickey Henderson broke a

65-year-old AL record by stealing his 97th

base of the season as the Oakland A's beat

the Chicago White Sox 5-1.

George Brett's three-run homer in the last

of the 14th led the Kansas City Royals to a

7-5 victory over the Seattle Mariners.

Ben Oglivie hit his 39th home run of the

season, tops in the American League, as he

defeated the California Angels 4-2.

The Minnesota-Texas game was rained out.

In the National League, unbeaten rookie

pitcher Marty Bystrom won his fifth game

since coming to the majors on Aug. 1 as the

Philadelphia Phillies walloped the Chicago

cabs 14-2 and remained a half-game over the

Moore Expos.

The Expos defeated the St. Louis Cardi-

nals as triples by Rodney Scott and Andre

Dawson ignited a five-run, sixth-inning rally.

Turnbull needs

comeback to win

BLOOMINGTON, Minn. Oct. 1 (AP) —

Third-seeded Wendy Turnbull of Australia

survived a first-round scare from unseeded

American Pam Teeguarden Tuesday night to

advance in the U.S. women's indoor tennis

championships.

After losing the first set 1-6, Turnbull came

back with 6-4, 6-2 sets for the victory.

In other action during the second day of

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the set to even the match.

The other commissioners have taken similar

stands.

His attorney, Brian Smith, said that a date

from a hockey injury can be expected unless

"some sort of" external pressure forces

reform.

U.S. Ronald M. Motil has introduced a bill

calling for no to a year in prison and \$5,000 in

fines for any athlete who engages in excessive

violence in professional sports.

"It is time we blew the whistle on conduct

that would be prosecuted if it happened on

the street but which has too often been over-

looked in the arena," he said.

None of the major league sports commis-

sioners accepted invitations to testify before

the committee. Only one, baseball commis-

sioner Bowie Kuhn, submitted a statement. It

said baseball was doing a good job policing

itself, "making excessive violence a rare

occurrence."

The other commissioners have taken simi-

lar stands.

THIS WEEK

- Sheep shipping boom
- OPEC's running challenge
- Politics enters energy talk
- Helicopter firm purchase
- House crunch plagues Jakarta
- OIC studies joint ventures
- Saudi Arabian government tenders

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Baltimore beats Boston as Yanks fall to Indians

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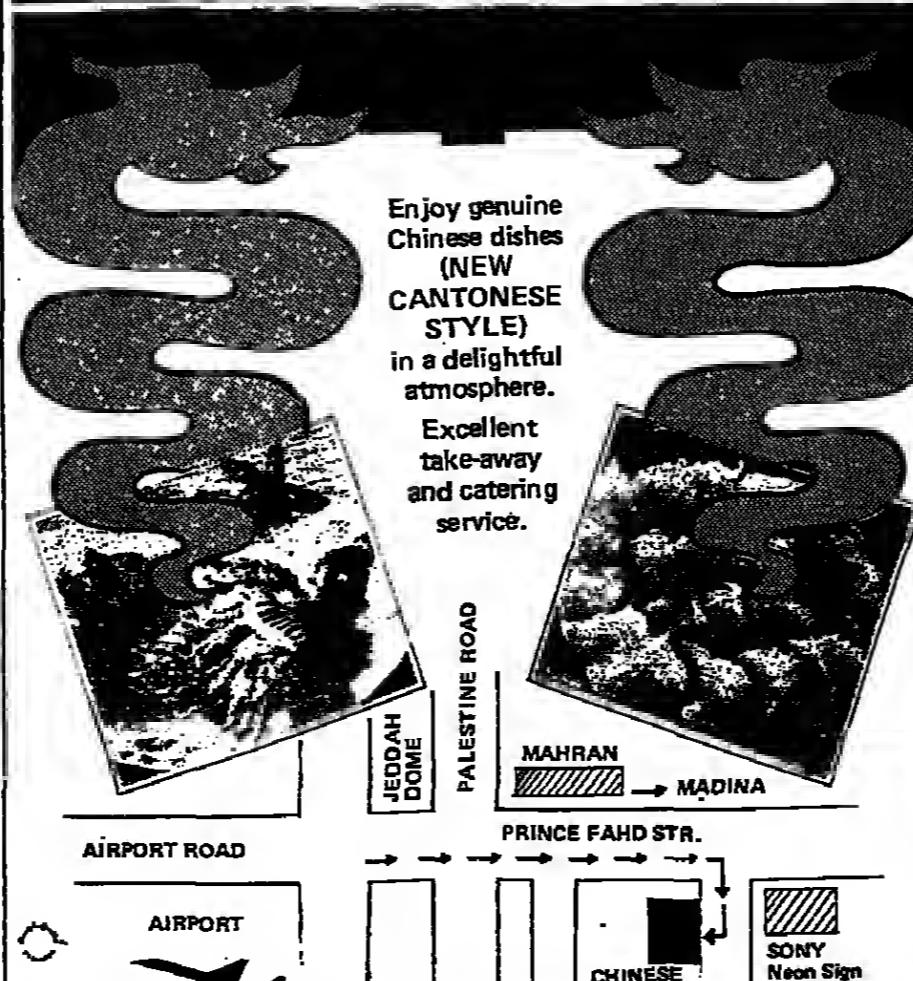
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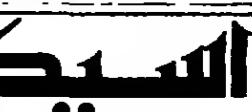
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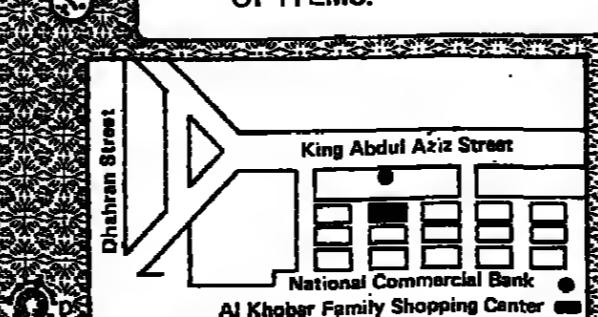
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International

A Tale of Two Cities

Iraq capital's pride hurt by enemy bombs

BAGHDAD, Oct. 1 (R) — The Tigris River winds broad and lazy through central Baghdad. Palm trees rise like dusters above ramshackle houses, and bright red double-decker buses and orange and white taxis honk and sputter through the narrow streets.

Suddenly the undulating scream of an air raid siren jolts the autumn morning. Cars swerve into side streets and pedestrians crowd to doorways or basements. Patrons in cafes leave their tables and hurry into air-raid shelters as youths in camouflage suits from the civil defense "people's army" police the streets.

Three Iranian Phantom jets scream low over the city to the bursts of anti-aircraft fire from ground defenses. They home in on an oil-fueled power station in south Baghdad's Doura suburb.

A ball of flame leaps into the clouded sky as the Iranian jets dip their wings in triumph. Dozens of people are burned as two fuel storage tanks ignite. Eleven of them die, according to hospital sources. Two of them are children. Over Baghdad a huge plume of black smoke leaves a towering reminder that the capital is in the front-line of the 10-day-old war against Iran.

Tuesday's strike, also aimed against a small experimental nuclear reactor in the north of Baghdad, left many Iraqis in the capital stunned. It was the first visible sign that the Iranians could strike back against Iraq with dramatic impact and was the more of a shock as it came after many Iraqis believed they had their neighbors beaten.

Until Tuesday, the air raids had been treated as something resembling a game by Iraqis and many of them would rush to their balconies to watch the air battle as the Iranian jets swooped in at treetop height. The attacks are spectacular at night when the flash of anti-aircraft fire and the glow of tracer bullets lights up the sky over the capital in a deafening firework display.

Sirens, yells fill Tehran's wartime nights

TEHRAN, Oct. 1 (R) — More than a week after hostilities with Iraq began the Iranian capital appears almost normal during hours of daylight, but becomes a strange and frightening place after nightfall.

An atmosphere of "phony war" pervades the city in the day with shops and street stalls busy trading, although running short of some goods. The most noticeable effect of the war is the reduction of traffic because gasoline is now largely limited to group taxis, commercial vehicle and buses. Together these vehicles still manage to constitute a greater hazard for pedestrians than Iraqi MiG fighters.

The atmosphere changes abruptly around six o'clock in the evening as darkness slips over the city. The population hurries home, leaving the streets almost empty. Then the still unfamiliar blackout

routine begins.

Tehran's citizens are gradually becoming accustomed to the blackout, even though it continues to cause confusion particularly with the warning of an air raid.

Old disputes in the capital's alleys flare as neighbors threaten to denounce each other to the authorities. The bickering reaches its height after the radio suddenly broadcasts the wail of air-raid sirens, sparking uproar with men shouting, women screaming and children crying.

Five alerts announced in as many days passed without, as far as known, a single bomb having been dropped on Tehran or any conclusive sighting of an enemy plane.

The heavy clump of anti-aircraft guns is interspersed with the sharp crack of small arms fire, apparently from over-enthusiastic amateurs, when an alert is over the radio pleads with citizens not to shoot to incoming friendly aircraft.

Later in the evening, the streets become even darker and more deserted. Tehran looks as if it has been abandoned. The occasional figure roaming about or sitting in a doorway gives the city an eerie eerier atmosphere. The midnight stroller risks being arrested by revolutionary guards.

Kabul boys forced to join army

NEW DELHI, Oct. 1 (AP) — Some 1,200 Afghan students have been forcibly taken from high school classrooms in recent days and inducted into the military, according to a reliable source in Kabul.

About a third of the students dragged off for 15 months service in the defection-riddled Afghan army came from the huge Habibi High School in Kabul, said the source, who asked not to be identified. Thousands of Habibi students shouted anti-regime slogans as their classmates were conscripted from the school, the source said. The slogans included: "Death to Brezhnev," "Death to Barbrak Kamal, the servant of the Russians," and "Death to Carter, who is trading Afghanistan to the Soviet Union."

Spurred by the shouting, police entered Habibi and arrested a number of students, the source said. He added that the scene was replayed at a number of other schools in the capital. The students selected for army service were loaded on buses, but some escaped before they could be taken away, the source added.

Last week, Education Minister Anahita Ratibzad reportedly ordered that males aged 20 and older and fit for service should be given military instruction, and that their grades in that be considered their high school final examination.

About 3,000 potential draftees were said to be boycotting classes to avoid conscription until the Oct. 7 deadline for starting the military instruction passes.

The Afghan army, once about 85,000 strong, is estimated by Western experts to have dwindled to about 35,000 men, mostly through defections to the anti-Marxist insurgents who control most of the rugged countryside.

In another development, Soviet MiGs and helicopter gunships were reported to have bombed 13 villages in Ghazni province for four days late last week in an effort to cut the insurgents supply lines, the source said.

Most of the villagers in the area fled to safety with their belongings and livestock before the bombardments began, and reports from Kabul say the civilian casualties have been light, the source said.

The same villages were raked by Soviet fire power about two months ago in a futile attempt to sever the insurgents supply links. More planes and helicopters are being employed in the current campaign, the source said.

The Muslim tribesmen are battling the Marxist regime in Kabul, which was installed late last December when the Soviet Union sent tens of thousands of troops into its neighbor to the south. An estimated 85,000 Soviet troops still remain in Afghanistan.

Also, the looting of homes of wealthy Kabuli merchants by activists of the ruling Peoples' Democratic Party of Afghanistan is continuing, the source said.

BBC film confiscated by Zimbabwe police

SALISBURY, Oct. 1 (AFP) — Film taken by a British Broadcasting Corporation television team is being processed here to see if Manpower Minister Edgar Tekere has violated bail conditions allowing him to remain free ahead of his trial on charges of murdering a white farmer.

Police have confirmed that they arrested the five-man BBC television team Tuesday night under emergency powers regulations. They have refused to give the reasons.

Official sources however said the television team had seen Tekere at the farm where he and seven body guards are alleged to have murdered 68-year-old William Adams in August.

One of Tekere's bail conditions is that he must not discuss the case with the press. Emerson Munangawa, minister of state in the prime minister's office, has guaranteed Tekere's bail bond of \$78,000.

The five were helping police in their inquiries into a contravention of the emergency powers, authorities said.

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Good Morning

By Jihad Khater

* No sooner had I put pen to paper on the matter of violence in sport than a confirming instance fell right into my lap. This was in the middle weight boxing championship between the British champion Alan Minter and challenger Marvin Hagler from America. The challenger won after a short and gory fight, but it wasn't as bloody as the reaction of the (British) spectators, who rained empty beer cans and bottles onto the arena, putting the boxers and the ref in more danger than they were already in. The violence around sport is such in Britain that those who seek safety are advised to confine their arguments to political matters. Politics here is peace itself. It's sport that is dangerous.

* In Tunis airport the other day I overheard the young lady working in the duty-free shop complaining to a customer bitterly about the change tourism is causing in the country. "Imagine," she said, "we Tunisian girls can no longer find husbands. All the local boys are running after those female tourists from abroad." She then left the customer who, most unkindly, remarked that the young lady was no picture, and that it will take more than stopping tourism to find her a husband.

* The guest asked the young son of his host whether he was in the upper top half of his class. To which the kid answered proudly, "No, I am from that half which makes the top half possible."

* He argued with his wife, using the English phrase — a fool and his money are soon parted. "I know this," she said. "But the real question is how the fool can buy the money in the first place."

* I heard two British and two French radio stations reporting the tragic bombing in Munich, West Germany, where many were killed and injured. It is almost certain that a neo-Nazi group, German one, is responsible. But in each of the four reports commentators found a way to bring in a mention of "Arab terrorism." As if our reputation in the West needs tarnishing...

Translated from *Asharq Al-Awsat*

Gold jumps \$8; low interest rates drive dollar down

LONDON, Oct. 1 (AP) — The dollar dropped against all key currencies Wednesday but held steady against the strong British pound. The price of gold moved up again after Tuesday's sharp drop.

Currency dealers reported that a drop in short-term U.S. interest rates and a 0.25 percent cut in the Eurodollar interest rates were behind the dollar's dip. Profit-taking and "large" buying of the Japanese yen were cited as factors. In Tokyo, where the business day ends before Europe's begins, the dollar hit an 18-month low following improvements in Japan's economy and a growing belief the yen will remain strong. The dollar closed at 209.20 yen, down from Tuesday's 212.00 yen.

In London, the dollar remained unchanged at \$2.3570 to the pound.

The price of gold opened in London \$678.00 an ounce up from Tuesday's close of \$670. The price was later "fixed" — the recommended level of trading — by London's five main bullion dealers at \$679.25.

In Zurich, gold opened at \$680.50 13 dollars up on Tuesday's closer.

Kidnap victims safe

CASOLE D'ELSA, Italy, Oct. 1 (R) — Three West German children kidnapped near Florence more than two months ago were found Wednesday morning in an abandoned cottage near this Tuscan village and police said they were physically in good condition.

The parents of Susanne Kronsucker, 15, her sister Sabine, 13, and their cousin Michael Wachter, 15, were waiting at the holiday house from which the children were abducted on July 25.

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Reporters traveling 4½ hours by jeep northward across the parched, dusty plain joined the main road connecting Ahwaz and Khorramshahr about 25 miles south of Ahwaz.

About 10 miles farther north, they were forced to halt when two Iranian Phantom jets streaked across the road, blasting an Iraqi army truck and a nearby ammunition or fuel depot, setting off a series of explosions.

It was not possible to approach the main battle area to assess the magnitude of the resistance, but Iraqi officers near the forward area said they were fighting Iranian defenders six miles south of the city, indicating that the main line of the Iraqi advance had not yet entered Ahwaz.

Outside the cities, however, the Iraqis have been able to roll into vast areas of southwestern Iran, seizing hundreds of square miles of territory, almost all of it flat, scorched land of powdery dust sustaining only the meanest of desert shrubs.

Twelve miles inside Iran stood the remains of Ghazela, a lonely desert outpost that fell to the Iraqis on the first day of fighting. Resembling a miniature medieval castle, the four round towers of the Ghazela post were pockmarked with bullet holes. The rooms inside were burned out. Outside, a tattered volleyball net swung limply in the breeze. Vast stretches of empty desert are broken only by occasional Iraqi rear supply areas. Camouflaged supply trucks and water and fuel tankers huddle in groups of 50 or more vehicles. During the trip north, the reporters saw perhaps 150 or more military vehicles.

In Paris, the French Atomic Energy Commission Wednesday said it was ordering the evacuation of most of its personnel from the Iraqi nuclear research project at Tamuz which was bombed. A spokesman for the commission, which oversees the project, told reporters only a handful of volunteers would remain behind to keep an eye on installations.

About 70 French engineers and technicians were still working at Tamuz until Tuesday following evacuation of non-essential personnel and families from Iraq last week.

From page one

Reagan said he would withdraw the treaty that has been awaiting Senate approval for more than 14 months. SALT II faced an uncertain vote in the Senate before Carter asked the decision be withheld because of the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

He said he would strengthen American military forces to put more pressure on Moscow by raising "the possibility of an arms race."

The SALT II treaty negotiated and signed by President Jimmy Carter is "fatally flawed" and "it is not arms limitation," Reagan said. The purpose of an arms accord with Russia, the Republican presidential candidate said, is to insure that "neither one of us can threaten the other." He insisted Carter's treaty doesn't meet the test.

Reagan said he would withdraw the treaty that has been awaiting Senate approval for more than 14 months. SALT II faced an uncertain vote in the Senate before Carter asked the decision be withheld because of the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Reagan said a new U.S. arms buildup would put pressure on the Russians to strike an acceptable bargain on SALT.

"The one card that's been missing in these negotiations has been the possibility of an arms race," Reagan said. "Now, the Soviets have been racing, but with no competition. They (the Soviets) will be far more inclined to negotiate in good faith if they know that the United States is engaged in building up its military."

Reagan dealt cautiously with most other issues. On the war between Iran and Iraq for example, he deferred detailed comment until he's had an administration briefing on the situation and has "access to more facts than I have now."

In any event, he said, it is irrelevant to discuss use of U.S. forces to keep the Gulf open because "we really don't have the facility to do very much."

Reagan again accused Carter of ducking campaign debate — noting he's debated six times this year and Carter not once — and he said he suspects the American hostages in Iran may be freed before the Nov. 4 election in an "October surprise designed" to blunt his campaign.

Reagan made his sharpest comments in blasting Carter's SALT II treaty. He said firmly and firmly that he would withdraw the treaty from the Senate. It would take a two-thirds Senate vote to approve it.

Carter had urged ratification as a matter of common sense for the United States.

In asking the delay, Carter said he was not withdrawing the treaty from Senate consideration. Asked if he would do so, Reagan said: "Yes. But at the same time I did I would make it plain that I was prepared to sit down with the Russians for as long as it might take to negotiate a legitimate arms limitation agreement."